The Yolo Democrat.

VOL. V. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1872. NO. 13.

The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 50
" three months.....1 50

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Incorporated in the Year 1819.

CASH CAPITAL $3,000,000 00.

Cash Assets July 1, 1871,

$6,047,878 07!

For a period of over fifty years this Company has promptly met its obligations, without a day's delay, and has ever occupied the position of the

LEADING AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

This position it will continue to maintain, and in the present crisis will preserve and add to its well earned reputation.

Telegraph advices from Hartford, under date of the 24th ult. report the Chicago loss not over three millions; and a Directors' meeting of that day voted to make the Reinsurance Fund intact by assessment of the stockholders. This leaves the Company with a capital of $3,000,000 and over $1,000,000 surplus.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN,
MANAGER,
SAN FRANCISCO.

POLICIES ISSUED BY

J. L. SIMPSON & C. W. BUSH,
AGENTS,
Office at the Bank of Woodland.
no25-3m

G. W. GREENE

Is now the Sole Proprietor of the

New Jewelry & Fancy Store.

Mr. G. W. Greene would respectfully inform his friends and the citizens of Yolo generally, that he has fitted up a NEW JEWELRY STORE on the south side of Main street, next door to Selig Hyman. All descriptions of

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Fancy Goods,
Toys, etc.,

For sale at the LOWEST FIGURES. We solicit a share of public patronage.

☞ Mr. Greene would inform his friends that he is prepared to do all kinds of REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, in the most workmanlike manner. He flatters himself that with an experience of over TWENTY YEARS, he can satisfy the public. All work done by him warranted.

☞ We are agents for WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES. de11-3m

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

The undersigned has opened a

NEW LUMBER YARD

south of Main street, near Railroad Track,

WOODLAND.

Building and Fencing Lumber,

of every description, constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Fence Posts, Shakes, Shingles, Doors, Windows, Blinds, Laths, etc.

All orders promptly filled. Terms liberal.

ja20-3m P. C. ROBERTSON.

PETER S. GLASSCOCK,

DRUGGIST and Apothecary,

FRONT STREET,

KNIGHT'S LANDING,

—DEALER IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Perfumery, Window Glass,

Together with every article usually found in a first-class Drug Store, which will be sold at Sacramento prices.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

ja14-3m

CENTRAL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!

Over THOMAS & HUNT'S Store,

Corner of Main and First streets, Woodland.

CARTES DE VISITE, AMBROTYPES, SUNPEARLS, FERROTYPES, RETOUCHED PHOTOGRAPHS, &c.

Taken and Finished in the Best and Neatest Styles and of all sizes. Cards neatly enameled. Particular attention paid to copying old pictures.

☞ A share of patronage is solicited and satisfaction will be given.

no25-3m E. K. GROVE.

L. M. RUE,

Photographic Artist,

Main st. (opposite the College), Woodland.

Having purchased the PALACE GALLERY, I am now prepared to take Photographs, Porcelain Pictures, Ambrotypes and Melainotypes in the most approved style of the art. Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully ask my old friends and others to call and see me at my new rooms, where I will promise to give entire satisfaction in all cases. ja14-3m

DR. G. H. JACKSON,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

Office in rooms formerly occupied by Peirson & Jackson, Odd Fellows' Block. Residence, on Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. fe10-3m

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,
PHYSISICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office a few doors east of the Postoffice, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. fe10-3m

L. FRIEL,
SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

Having been appointed Deputy by J. I. Underhill, County Surveyor, I will attend to all business connected with that office. Office at the Court House, Woodland.

We take pleasure in recommending Mr. L. Friel as a young man well versed in the principles of mathematics and especially in plane surveying, believing he will give satisfaction to all. J. M. MARTIN, Pres't Hesp. College. J. L. McCONNELL, Prof. Mathematics.

fe10

DR. A. B. MEHRING,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office two doors west of Porter's grocery store, Main street, Woodland. Will attend to all calls promptly, in town or country, at all hours. Residence opposite that of U. Shellhammer, south of the College. fe10-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M. D. C. M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
WOODLAND, CAL.

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, three doors west of the Postoffice. Residence, on Court street, north of Capital Hotel. Patients can rely on receiving attention at all hours. fe10-3m

W. W. PENDEGAST. THOS. F. STONEY.

PENDEGAST & STONEY,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office: Nos. 6, 7 and 8, Edgington's Building, Napa City. Attend to business in the District Court of the Seventh Judicial District, also the Supreme Court and Yolo Co. fe10

FROST & BUSH,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. ja14-3m

DR. E. L. PARRAMORE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Cacheville, Yolo County. Calls promptly attended to. ja14

JAMES JOHNSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office up stairs, in the Bank building, Woodland. fe10-3m

STERLING G. HARPER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Office under Odd Fellows' Hall, Woodland. Particular attention paid to the collection of Notes, Accounts, drawing of Deeds, Mortgages, Agreements, etc. Abstracts of titles furnished on short notice. de30-3m

J. LAMBERT,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office: Odd Fellows' Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. de23-3m

J. C. BALL,
DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY.

Office at the Court House, Woodland, Yolo Co. de23-3m

W. J. PRATHER. H. J. PLOMTEAUX.

PRATHER & PLOMTEAUX,
PRACTICAL DENTISTS,

Bank Building (second story), Woodland, Cal. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. de16-3m

ALEXANDER, ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank, SACRAMENTO. [3m

de16]

P. H. SIBLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office on second floor of Odd Fellows' Block, opposite F. S. Freeman's, Woodland. Will attend to any business in all the Courts of this State, and any other business pertaining to the profession. de16-3m

F. E. BAKER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office No. 1, Odd Fellows' Block, Woodland, California.

☞ LOANS NEGOTIATED on good security at low rates of interest. de9-3m

CREED HAYMOND. W. C. STRATTON.

HAYMOND & STRATTON,
COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Office, Pioneer Hall, Seventh street, bet. J and K streets, Sacramento. de2-3m

J. I. UNDERHILL,
COUNTY SURVEYOR,

Office at the Court House, Woodland. Room formerly occupied by the Sheriff. de2-3m

THE BANK OF WOODLAND.

Capital Stock $200.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN.....VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH,.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

DISCOUNT DAYS, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

Exchange Furnished on San Fransisco, Sacramento, and New York.

☞ Collections promptly attended to in any portion of California or the Eastern States. County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge. de2-3m

CAPITAL HOTEL,

A. S. HOUSE, : Proprietor,

Cor. Main and First streets,

WOODLAND,

YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

A. S. HOUSE, has taken the Capital Hotel on his own hands, the lease of Messrs. Eaton & Burns having expired, and will in future give his entire attention to its management, and it is his determination that it shall be kept in first-class style. The house has been

Renovated Throughout,

And being a three-story brick building affords ample accommodations for a large number of transient guests, as well as regular boarders.

The rooms are well ventilated, en suit or single, well furnished and cleanly.

The Table will be supplied with the best the market affords. Board by the day or week at reasonable rates.

Free Bus to and from the railroad on the arrival of trains. de23-3m

Petition for Disincorporation.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a Petition will be presented to the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, California, at their Regular Meeting on

The First Monday in April,

1872, praying for the disincorporation of the Town of Woodland.

MANY CITIZENS.

January 12th, 1872. ja13-td

SCHOOL BOOKS OF ALL KINDS may be had at Green's Jewelry and Book Store.

A FATHER'S ERROR.

Mr. Solomon Winthrop was a plain old farmer—an austere, precise man who did everything by established rules, and could see no reason why people should grasp at anything beyond what had been reached by their great-grandfather. He had three children, two boys and a girl. There was Jeremiah, seventeen years old; Samuel fifteen; Fanny fourteen.

It was a cold Winter's day; Samuel was in the kitchen, reading a book, and so interested was he that he did not notice the entrance of his father. Jerry was in the opposite corner, engaged in ciphering out a sum which he had found in his arithmetic.

"Sam, have you worked that sum out yet?" said his father.

"No, Father," answered the boy hesitatingly.

"Didn't I tell you to stick to your arithmetic till you had done it?" said Mr. Winthrop in a severe tone.

Samuel hung down his head and looked troubled.

"Why haven't you done it?" continued the father.

"I can't do it, father," tremblingly said Samuel.

Can't do it! And why not? Look at Jerry, there, with his slate and pencil. He had ciphered further than you have long before he was as old as you are?"

"Jerry was always fond of sums and problems, father. They have no interest at all for me."

"That's because you don't try to feel an interest in your studies. What book is that you are reading?"

"It's a work on philosophy father."

"A work on fiddlesticks! Go, put it away this instant, and then get your slate; and don't you let me see you away from your arithmetic until you can work out those roots! Do you understand?

Samuel made no answer, but silently he put away his philosophy; and then he got his slate and sat down in the chimney corner. His lip trembled and his eyes moistened, for he was very unhappy. His father had been harsh towards him, and he felt that it was without a cause.

"Sam," said Jerry, as soon as their father had gone out of the room, "I'll do that sum for you."

"No, Jerry," replied the younger brother, with a grateful look; "that will be deceiving father. I'll try to do the sum, but I fear that I shall not succeed."

Samuel worked very hard, but to no purpose. His mind was not on the subject before him. The roots and the squares, the bases and perpendiculars, though comparatively simple in themselves, were to him a mass of incomprehensible things; and the more he tried, the more he became perplexed and bothered.

The truth was his fahter did not understand him.

Samuel was a bright boy, and uncommonly intelligent for one of his age. Mr. Winthrop was a thorough mathematician; he hardly ever came across a problem he could not solve, and he desired that his boy should be like him; he considered that the acme of educational perfection lay in the power of conquering Euclid; and he often expressed the opinion that, were Euclid living, then, he could give the old geometrician a hard tussle.

He seemed not to understand that different minds were made with different capacities, and what one mind grasped with ease another of equal power failed to comprehend. Hence, because Jerry progressed rapidly with his mathematical studies, and could already survey a piece of land of many angles, he imagined that as Samuel made no progress in the same branch, he was idle and careless, and so treated him accordingly. He never candidly conversed with his younger son, with a view to ascertain the true bent of his mind; but he had his own standard of the power of all minds, and he pertinaciously adhered to it.

There was another thing that Mr. Winthrop could not see, and that was that Samuel was continually pondering upon such profitable matter as was interesting to him, and that he was scarcely ever idle; nor did his father see, either, that if he ever wished his boy to become a mathematician, he was pursuing the very course to prevent such a result. Instead of endeavoring to make the study interesting to the child he was making it obnoxious.

The dinner hour came, and Samuel had not worked out the sum. His father was angry, and obliged the boy to go without his dinner, at the same time telling him that he was an idle, lazy lad.

Poor Samuel left the kitchen for his own room, and there he sat and cried. At length his mind seemed to pass from the wrong he had suffered at the hand of his father, and his face lightened up. There was a fire in the room below his chamber, so he was not very cold; and getting up, he went to a closet and from under a lot of old clothes he took forth some long strips of wood. He was evidently fashioning some curious affair from these pieces of wood. He had bits of wire, little scraps of tin plate, pieces of twine and dozens of small wheels that he had made himself, and he seemed to be working to get the whole thing together after some particular fashion of his own.

Half the afternoon had thus passed away when his sister entered his chamber. She had her apron gathered up in her hand, and after closing the door softly behind her she approached the spot where her brother sat.

"Here, Sammy, see, I have brought you something to eat. I know you must be hungry."

As she spoke she opened her apron and took out four cakes, a piece of pie and some cheese. The boy was hungry and hesitated not to avail himself of his sister's kind offer. He kissed her as he took the cakes, and thanked her.

"Oh, what pretty thing is that you are making?" said Fannie, as she gazed upon her brother's labor. Won't you give it to me when it is done?"

"Not this one, sister," returned the boy, with a smile; "but I will make you one equally as pretty."

Fannie thanked her brother, and soon after left the room, while the boy went on with his work.

Before long the various materials that had been subject to Samuel's knife and pinchers were joined and grooved together in a curious manner.

The embryo philosopher set the machine—for it looked like a machine—upon the floor, then gazed upon it intently. His eyes glistened with a glow of satisfaction; he looked proud and happy. While he stood and gazed upon the child of his labors, the door opened and his father entered.

"What! are you not studying?" exclaimed Mr. Winthrop, as he noticed the boy standing in the middle of the floor.

Samuel trembled when he heard his father's voice, and turned pale with fear.

"Ha! what is this?" said his father, as he caught sight of the curious construction on the floor. "This is the secret of your idleness. Now I see how it is you cannot master your studies. You spend your time in making them fly cages. I'll see whether you'll learn to attend your lessons or not. There!"

As the farmer uttered these harsh ejaculations, he put his foot upon the object of his displeasure. The boy uttered a quick cry and sprang forward, but too late. The curious construction was crushed to atoms—the labor of long weeks. Looking at the mass of ruins and then covering his face with his hands, he burst into tears.

"Ain't you ashamed?" said Mr. Winthrop; "a great boy like you to spend your time in making clap-traps, and then cry about it because I choose your studies. Now go to the barn and help Jerry to shell corn."

The boy was too full of grief to make any explanation, and without any words he left his chamber. But for long, long days afterwards he was weary and down-hearted.

* * * * * * *

"Samuel," said Mr. Winthrop, one day after Spring had opened, "I have seen Mr. Young, and he is willing to take you as an apprentice. Jerry and I can get along on the farm, and I think the best thing you can do is to learn the blacksmith's trade. I have given up all hopes of ever making a surveyor out of you, and if you had a farm you would not know how to measure it or lay it out. Jerry will soon be able to take my place as surveyor, and I have already made arrangements for having him sworn and obtain his commission. But your trade is a good one, however, and I have no doubt you will be able to make a good living at it.

Mr. Young was a blacksmith in a neighboring town, and he carried on quite an extensive business. Moreover, he had the reputation of being a fine man. Samuel was delighted with his father's proposal, and when he learned that Mr. Young carried on quite a large machine shop, he was in ecstacies. His trunk was packed—a good supply of clothing having been provided, and after kissing his mother and sister, and shaking hands with his father and brother, mounted the stage and set off for his new destination.

He found Mr. Young all he could wish, and went into his business with an assiduity that surprised his master.

One evening after Samuel Winthrop had been with his new master for six months, the latter came into the shop after all the journeyman had quit work and gone home, and found the youth busily engaged in fitting a piece of iron. There were quite a number of pieces on the bench at his side and some were curiously riveted and fixed with springs and slides, while others appeared not yet ready for their destined use. Mr. Young ascertained what the young workman was up to, and he not only encouraged him in his undertaking, but he stood for half an hour and watched him at his work. Next day Samuel Winthrop was removed from the blacksmith to the machine shop.

Samuel often visited his parents. At the end of two years his father was not a little surprised when Mr. Young informed him that Samuel was the most useful hand in his employ.

Time flew fast. Samuel was twenty-one. Jeremiah had been free almost two years, and was one of the most accurate and trustworthy surveyors in the country.

Mr. Winthrop looked upon his eldest with pride and often expressed a wish that his other son should have been like him. Samuel had come home to visit his parents, and Mr. Young had come with him.

"Mr. Young," said Mr. Winthrop, after the tea things had been cleared away, "that is a fine factory they have just erected in your town."

"Yes," returned Mr. Young; "there are three of them, and they are doing a very heavy business."

"I understand they have an extensive machine shop connected with the factories. Now, if my boy Sam is a good workman, as you say he is, perhaps he might get a first rate situation there.

Mr. Young looked at Samuel and smiled.

"By the way," continued the old farmer, what is all the noise I see and hear in the papers about those Winthrop looms? They tell me they go ahead of anything that was ever got up before."

"You must ask your son about that. That is some of his business," said Mr. Young.

"Eh! What! some of Sam——"

The old man stopped short and gazed at his son. He was bewildered. It could not be that his son—his idle son—was the inventor of the great power loom that had been taking all the manufacturers by surprise.

"What do you mean?" he at length inquired.

"It is simply this father, that the loom is mine." returned Samuel with conscious pride. "I have invented it and taken a patent right, and I have already been offered ten thousand dollars for the patent right in two adjoining States. Don't you remember that clap-trap you crushed with your foot six years ago?"

"Yes," replied the old man, whose eyes were bent to the floor, and over whose mind a new light seemed beaming.

"Well," continued Samuel, "that was almost a pattern, though of course I have made alterations and improvement, and there is room for more."

"And that was what you were studying when you used to stand and see me weave, and then fumble about my loom so much?" said Mrs. Winthrop.

"You are right mother. Even then I had conceived the idea which I have since carried out."

"And that is why you could not understand my mathematical problem," uttered Mr. Winthrop, as he started from his chair and took the youth by the hand. "Samuel, my son, forgive me for the harshness I have used towards you. I have been blinded, and now see how I have misunderstood you. While I have thought you heedless and careless, you were solving a philosophical problem I could never have comprehended. Forgive me Samuel—I meant well enough, but lacked judgment and discrimination."

Of course the old man had long before been forgiven for his harshness, and his mind was opened to a new lesson of human nature. It was simply this: Different minds have different capacities, and no mind can be driven to love that for which it has no taste. First, seek to understand the natural abilities and disposition of children, and then in your management of their education for after life, govern yourself accordingly. George Combe, the greatest moral philosopher of his day, could hardly reckon in simple addition, and Colburn the mathematician could not write out a commonplace address.

The Value of Our Public Domain.

This public domain that we are getting rid of as recklessly as though we esteemed its possession a curse can never be replaced, nor are there other limitless bodies of land which we may subdue. Of the whole continent, we now occupy nearly the whole of the zone in which all the real progressive life of the world has been lived. North of us are the cold latitudes, south of us the tropical heats. The table lands of Mexico and the valleys of the Saskachewan and Red rivers, which comprise almost all of the temperate portions of the continent yet unoccupied by our race, are of very small extent when compared with the vast country we have already overrun, and when our emigration is compelled to set upon them will be filled as we now populate a new State.

It is not pleasant to think of the time when the public domain will all be gone. "This will be a great country," we say, "when it is all fenced in." Great it will be—great it must be, in arts and arms, in population and in wealth. But will it be as great in all that constitutes true greatness? Will it be such a good country for the poor man? Will there be such an average of comfort and independence and virtue among the masses. And which to me is the important fact—that I am one of a nation of so many more millions, or that I can buy my children shoes when they need them? "The greatest glory of America," says Carlyle, "is that there every bootblack may have a turkey in his pot." We shall be credited with no such glory when the country is all "fenced in" as we are now rapidly fencing it.

From this public domain of ours have sprung and still spring subtle influences which strengthen our national character and tinge all our thought. This vast background of unfenced land has given a consciousness of freedom even to the dweller in crowded cities, and has been a well-spring of hope even to those who never thought of taking refuge upon it. The child of the people as he grows to manhood in Europe finds every seat at the banquet of life marked "taken," and must struggle with his fellows for the crumbs that fall, without one chance in a thousand of forcing or sneaking his way to a seat. In America, whatever be his condition, there is always more or less clearly and vividly, the consciousness that the public domain is behind him; that there is a new country where all the places are not yet taken, where opportunities are still open, and the knowledge of this fact, acting and reacting, penetrates our whole national life, giving to it generosity and independence, elasticity and ambition.

Why should we seek so diligently to get rid of this public domain as if for the mere pleasure of getting rid of it? What have the buffaloes done to us that we should sacrifice the heritage of our children to see the last of them extirpated before we die? Are the operatives of New England, the farmers of Ohio, the mechanics of San Francisco better off for the progress of this thing which we call national development—this scattering of a thousand people over the land which would suffice for a million; this fencing in for a dozen of the soil to which ten millions must before long look for subsistence?

All that we are proud of in the American character, all that makes our conditions and institutions better than those of the older countries, we may trace to the fact that land has been cheap in the United States, and yet we are doing our utmost to make it dear, and actually seem pleased to see it become dear, looking upon the lien which the few are taking upon the labor of the many as an actual increase in the wealth of all.—*Henry George, in "Our Land and Land Policy."*

SHERMAN ISLAND.—A. J. Bigelow, a resident of Sherman Island, demurs to some of the statements published about that locality, and furnishes some facts of interest in connection therewith. He says that the three breaks of the season are in swamp land district No. 50, and in each case the banks of the river have been cut by a ditch outside of the levee, between the original levee and the river. The water that inundated the island is finding its way back to the river through the flood gates, and the islanders hope to have the greater portion of the land in condition for a crop this season. The crops on the lower end of the island, and some of those on the San Joaquin side are looking well, not having suffered by the water. The settlers who have been battling against the rising waters of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers for the past ten years, are to-day firm and united in the opinion that they can levee against any and all floods. The present season demonstrated that the island furnished the best of material with which to build a levee, and that with one vigorous, intelligent effort, the island may be placed in position to resist the rushing currents of the flood and the dashing waves caused by high winds. A large portion of the levee—about forty miles—is in good condition, and needs not a hundred dollars' worth of repairs. In the opinion of Mr. Bigelow, had the levees been built upon the plan of having no ditches on the outside, the island would be to-day one of the dryest spots in the country. These facts are very valuable as illustrating the confidence which the people possess in their reclamation enterprise, and reasons for its success.—*S. F. Bulletin, Feb. 6th.*

A FEW days ago a man carried a challenge to mortal combat to a Jacksonville, Oregon, brewer, who, as soon as he read the message, turned to and whipped the bearer in a rough-and-tumble fight, and then asked: "Maybe some more of dem vants to make droubles mit me."

THERE has been a rainfall this season at Grass Valley, of 47.12 inches.

Land Grabbing.

Land grabbing has received some attention in the annual report of the President of the State Agricultural Society this year. It appears from the statistics collected on this subject by the society, that one hundred proprietors in but eleven of the fifty counties of California, own 5,465,652 acres, which is nearly 2,000,000 more than the whole area cultivated in the year 1871. The average ownership is 54,656⅔ acres to each one hundred proprietors. Eighty-five and a-half square miles to each; 8,540 square miles, or more than ninety miles square to one hundred men. Exclusive of bays, this is more than the whole area of Massachusetts, and nearly equal to all the land in Maryland! It is over five times the area of the great county of San Joaquin, and the land so monopolized—on war scrip, swamp claims, Mexican grants, and by other means, which did not average a cost of eighty cents in gold per acre—is the very best in the State; is held on speculation, is not taxed at a tenth of its value, and is almost wholly uncultivated and producing nothing to contribute to the general welfare. We take away the lands of Indian tribes, not in theory at least, because they are Indians, but because the proprietors refuse to cultivate them—to make them produce anything or to pay taxes on them. Ought the State to deal more generously towards these white land-grabbers, who do with their lands no better than the aboriginal proprietors? Of course they cannot be taken away by force or by treaty, but they can and should be taxed until the monopolists are compelled to relinquish them to parties who need homes, who will build houses, cultivate farms and enrich the marts of trade with the productions of their industry. These five and a-half millions of acres, it is safe to say, do not pay taxes on three millions of dollars. Owned and cultivated like the lands of the Western States, they would aggregate a taxable capital, real and personal, of $150,000,000, and add nearly a million souls to our sparse population.

As the case now stands the people who have little or no land are taxed severely to maintain State and county governments for the protection of these land-grabbers and their property, the latter shirking all taxation themselves. And, not satisfied with this, they have the greed and impudence to ask the Legislature to impose increased taxation on the landless for railway, irrigation and immigration purposes, whereby their land speculations are hoped to be hastened and augmented. What the State needs above all things is a Legislature honest enough to resist corruption, and courageous enough to combat power, so that the Constitution may be amended to enable future legislatures to tax these monopolists out of their millions of acres. Whether or not the present Legislature is such a body remains to be seen. If it is, it will submit an amendment to the Constitution to reach the evil complained of and the people will most surely support it.—*Sacramento Union.*

Still They Come—"Atlantic Monthly" on Grant.

The Boston *Atlantic Monthly*, recognized as the leading Republican magazine of the United States, in its political department thus discourses about General Grant and his administration:

"Neither the Cincinnati *Commercial*, nor the Chicago *Tribune*, nor the Springfield *Republican*, nor the New York *Tribune*, would be displeased if General Grant failed in securing a renomination. There are many reasons, too, why General Grant's continuance in the office would be regretted by other people. As a rule, military men are not the stuff to make good statesmen for an unmilitary and commercial society. For the most part, they entertain a professional contempt for law, even when they avow their loyality to it. Of this peculiarity General Grant's administration has given at least one signal illustration. Declaring himself firmly opposed to intervention in the affairs of foreign nations, he has for sometime past maintained a protectorate of San Domingo, which is in reality an illegal war against Hayti, carried on in the teeth of a distinct provision of the Constitution. Again, Gen. Grant seems ignorant of the elementary principles of economical science to the extreme of believing that the chief source of wealth of this country is to be found in the mines of California. His system of appointments has been unintelligible. Appointments such as Mr. Murphy's and Consul Gen. Butler's are possible, we see, because commissions have been issued to them; but how the same man who appointed Mr. Murphy and Consul Gen. Butler should also have appointed Mr. Fish and Judge Hoar is inexplicable. Besides all this he has shown a singular want of delicacy, to say the least, in receiving innumerable presents, and indirectly profiting himself out of Government contracts. To own stock in a commercial enterprise is one thing, but to own stock in a corporation which is daily making valuable contracts with the departments at Washington is, for the President of the United States, quite another. We do not impugn his honesty. He is no doubt innocent of all shares in the management of the "administration quarry," but such a scandal ought not to be possible."

THE INDEPENDENCE OF CANADA.—A special dispatch from Halifax, February 9th, says it is reported on trustworthy authority that the document has been signed by the Canadian Government for the separation of this Dominion from the British Empire. It was agreed to when the act of confederation was passed by the Imperial Parliament, but was not to take effect for some years unless the British Government saw the necessity for such action. Ever since the treaty, British troops have been gradually withdrawn from Canada, until there is scarcely a soldier in the Dominion outside of Halifax. There is no doubt that should differences between Great Britain and the United States become more serious, the British Government will at once publish the treaty proclaiming the independence of Canada, and by that means be relieved from the necessity of defending the Colonies against the United States should war ensue.

A GENTLEMAN writing from Nevada City states that this will probably be the best season known to miners during the last ten years.

One More Story of Chicago.

"I had made," said a poor seamstress, in telling me of her condition, "my last payment on Saturday, on my supply of coal for the winter, and the last dollar I had in the house had gone on that day, to buy my little store of coffee and sugar and flour for the winter's use. The fire took it all next night."

She had no husband to help her, and a young sister and three little children were dependent upon her for support; but, like thousands of others, she had made a good living, and could lay by for the future—not abundantly, but sufficient for frugal demands. Still, I find her brave and happy in her new life since the fire. Her voice has a tremor in it when she tells how she sent her three children to a neighbor's for safety when the fire broke out, that she might be free to try and save something of her household goods; how, when her own house was gone, she went to seek them and found only a heap of embers where she thought they were sleeping safely; how, as she afterwards learned, her little boy of nine years, taking a brother of seven by one hand, and a sister of five by the other, from night till 10 o'clock on Monday morning, running a fiery gauntlet through blazing streets and frantic crowds of men and horses, never letting go the little hands he held in his, never swerving through all those devious, dangerous ways, the whole circuit of the city, from his fixed purpose of reaching an uncle's house, miles away, and giving his precious charges into his mother's arms again—there is a tremor in her voice when telling of all this, still she remembers with pride how her brave boy was in that fearful twelve hours' walk, when she sought for the baby wanderers almost mad with grief, through all that terrible night, and remember that they, at least, are left ner still. Then she turns to the cheerful whir of her sewing machine, and almost begrudges the time she takes to talk of that past grief. But my neighbor, whose yearly income before the fire was something more than $100,000, and who has only a few hundred thousand dollars left from the wreck of his property, cried about the streets for days, and wrung his hands in the sight of men over his ruin.

THE SANTA CRUZ COUNTY TREASURER ROBBED.—SANTA CRUZ, Feb. 5th.—Not the slightest clue has yet been discovered as to the robbers of the Treasury. Mr. Blakely states that after his seizure by the robbers they told him, in a few, yet determined words, that they had taken desperate chances to gain possession of the contents of the Treasury, and that if he would surrender to them peaceably no harm would be done to him, but that if he made the least objection to their orders, they were prepared to go still further, and that his life would be the penalty. He then, under their direction, and by the light of a bull's-eye lantern held by one of the robbers, proceeded to unlock the five doors of the Treasury vault. After he had accomplished this, he was in hopes that the vast amount of silver in view would satisfy his captors, and that they would overlook the gold box, the door of which he had not unlocked; but as he started to come out of the vault, one of them called in a peremptory tone to open that gold box. The robbers then proceeded to help themselves; after doing which they ordered Blakely into the vault and bolted him in, as before stated. The robbers gagged the Treasurer with two handkerchiefs and bound him with a piece of ordinary baling rope. The only weapon which was used by the operators was a large knife, with which they doubtless intended to torture or kill the Treasurer in case of his refusal to accede to their demands. Seals were placed on the vault doors immediately after the release of the Treasurer. The exact amount stolen will not be known until after a thorough examination of the accounts of the office.

A LOS ANGELES paper gives the following account of an old inhabitant: There is at present living at the San Gabriel Mission an old native Californian lady whose eyes have seen the passing away of several generations. She claims to be one hundred and thirty-two years old. She was a mother at the time the Mission Church was built—one hundred and two years ago. Her hair is as white as driven snow; but her eyesight is as keen as that of a child, and her step as firm as that of a woman a century younger. She is an expert as a worker of embroidery, and executes the finest work without the aid of glasses. Every day, weather permitting, she may be seen in the fields or orchards near by her residence, busy at work with her needle. A specimen of her handiwork was exhibited in the Industrial Department of the last Agricultural Fair, and drew forth the admiration of all those who saw it. Her memory is unimpaired, and she converses vivaciously of events of the past appertaining to the San Gabriel Valley—her world. She recalls without hesitation the reminiscences of her younger days, and recounts them with evident pleasure to those who feel sufficiently interested in such matters to ply her with questions relating to them. In all appearance, the old lady gives fair promise to outlive many of us who are more than a century her juniors.

"POOR BILL IS GONE."—Under this caption the Mariposa *Gazette* has the following item:

"Poor Bill is gone." This was the greeting from every person we met on Wednesday morning, announcing the sad tidings of the departure from earth of our friend "Bill Grant," or "Missouri Bill," by which name he was better known by all who have for years past had occasion to travel on Fisher's stages between this place and Stockton. Bill was an old and experienced stage driver, with the quick, keen eye, steady nerve, fearlessness and presence of mind in danger, so characteristic of a class of men whose occupation is fast fading away. Like others of this kind, he had a keen appreciation of a joke—could tell a good story and enjoy the relation of one; took a pride in his calling, and was honest and faithful. In his last hours, and when delirious, his mind was on the box, with horses, handling the ribbons. "Give me a hold of the lines," was among the last of his exclamations. Poor Bill. It was too late. His team was running away on the down grade, and death, with a stronger hand and steadier nerve than his was holding the lines. He has left us and is a few trips ahead, bound for that station where all earth's passengers will laud at last.

The Yolo Democrat.

COUNTY AND TOWN OFFICIAL PAPER.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Saturday, February 17, 1872.

REPEALED.—The Act repealing the Litigant Law has passed, to take effect in ninety days.

RESIGNED.—"Dead Duck" Forney has tendered his resignation as Collector of the Port of Philadelphia.

NO CHOICE.—The San Francisco Board of Supervisors, on Monday evening, balloted seventy-five times for Fire Commissioner without an election.

EATRHQUAKE.—Stockton and other localities in that section of the State were visited by a sharp shock of earthquake Tuesday evening, but doing no damage.

GOLD DISCOVERY.—The workmen engaged in digging away Telegraph Hill, San Francisco, the other day discovered a vein of gold-bearing quartz, which has created considerable excitement.

WHY IS IT?—It is intimated that if the railroad authorities had so desired the overland route might have been kept open all along, but that there may be some object in not opening it in a hurry.

THE SNOW BLOCKADE.—The overland trains on the Union Pacific Railroad are still blocked in by snow, but the telegraph reports that the prospect is fair for their working through in a few days if the weather continues favorable.

CALIFORNIA PACIFIC.—It is said, by what authority we are not aware, that arrangements are now being made for the speedy reopening of this road to Sacramento, and that work will be commenced at a very early day so as to open the road as soon as possible. Travelers hope so.

NEW CATHOLIC PAPER.—We have received *The Catholic Guardian*, an eight-page journal published in San Francisco and ably edited by Francis Dillon Eagan. It is proposed to publish it weekly within a short time. It is a good paper for those of its religious faith, and contains a good deal of interesting matter to outsiders.

THE NEW APPORTIONMENT OF THE STATE.—The Assembly Committee on Apportionment, in their report propose to divide the State into four Congressional Districts, the Third to remain as at present constituted; and into twenty-two Legislative Districts, Yolo and Solano to compose the Fourteenth. Solano will have one Senator and two Assemblymen, and one Senator and one Assemblyman jointly with Yolo; besides which, Yolo has one Assemblyman—making a gain to Yolo of the joint interest in an Assemblyman with Solano. It is by no means certain, however, that this will become law.

AN OUTRAGEOUS SYSTEM.—We last week received a letter from an advertising agent in San Francisco, containing an article one-third of a column in length, favorably mentioning a San Francisco business firm, which we were requested to publish, with the promise that an advertisement [very indefinite] would be sent up the following week. We at first threw the "notice" aside in disgust, but finding upon examination that it was not entirely devoid of interest, concluded to give it place in the DEMOCRAT, expecting, as we had a right to, that a good paying ad. would follow. A few days afterward we saw the agent in San Francisco, and protested against the system, but he informed us that the promised ad. had been sent up—"a two-inch ad."—to be published three months—price eight dollars. Out of this, the agent claims 25 per cent., leaving six dollars, which would be a good price for the ad. alone. But this is not all. Upon our return home we found another "notice," *over half a column in length*, had been sent with the advertisement, accompanied with instructions: "Notice to appear on second page as editorial matter, and leaded; advertisement not to be accepted unless notices appear as stated." We were fooled the first time, but one dose of that sort was enough, and we at once determined to have nothing more to do with that kind of business. It is an imposition upon the publisher, an injustice to the reader, and ruinous to the agent himself, through whom the business is transacted. The whole trouble arises from the several agents in San Francisco bidding against each other, all knowing that they must bid low in order to secure the advertising and get their 25 per cent. commission, and then the principal—merchant, or whatever he may be—accepting the lowest bid. By this system we have shown how the publisher has to suffer. The case cited is the most glaring that has ever come to our notice, though there have been many instances in which advertising has been required for much less than it was worth. The thing has gone far enough, and we propose to do all in our power to break up the rotten system. Publishers have themselves only to blame if this thing is allowed to continue. A movement has been started for calling a convention of publishers of interior newspapers, to meet in San Francisco at an early day, to take into consideration this and other important matters which need attention and concerted action. We hope country publishers throughout the State will respond to the call when issued. Let us put a stop to such impositions as that cited above, and get fair prices for our work. The power rests in our own hands, and we must act for our own protection.

Sacramento Letter.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14th, 1872.

DEAR DEMOCRAT:—The superiority of a French cook, whom we once knew, consisted in his ability to make a variety of fashionable and recherche meals out of nothing—or next thing to nothing—and we conceive that a letter writer ought to be called good or bad, just as he possesses the faculty to make a readable and interesting epistle from but little material. Those upon whom we depend for our laws, and our news, have been extremely barren during the past week in the production of either. The dearth is so great that we are compelled to fall back upon that old theme,

THE WEATHER,

For a part of the matters of interest. If it is not matter of great importance to herald abroad, it is at least a subject we can enjoy most heartily. After so many dark and dreary, wet and dismal days, the sun has again come out in his full glory. The daisy and violet raise their little heads and look up with an expression of modest thankfulness for his enlivening beams, and express their gladness by filling the air with the most delightful fragrance, while the birds join in chorus to render melody for the return of these beautiful Spring days. Should we remain sullen and sad amid these joyous surroundings? It is not good for digestion; it is not Christian; and, surely, it is not sensible. Let us, then, unite in the general jubilee, and gather enjoyment from every source about us.

If the law-makers have not accomplished quite as much during the last week in supplying material, probably they have done the country less harm than usual.

THE EXCURSION TO THE SNOW.

By invitation of the Railroad Company, the Legislators were treated to a ride away into the snows of the Sierras. This, of course, was not a pleasure trip alone, but was gotten up for the purpose of showing the great obstacles to be overcome by this enterprising corporation. The freights and fares of this road were thought to be too high, and the people all over the State were asking to have a law passed regulating and reducing the rates; and the Company, in self-defence, asked the lawmakers to take a ride, so that they might see for themselves. This will, most probably, prevent the passage of any statute reducing the freights and fares this session. We did predict the effects of these storms on the passage of a law on the subject, and our prediction will be verified.

THE JAPS' HOTEL BILL.

The Senate became exercised (would that we could say *exorcised*), upon giving a proper reception to the Japanese Embassy, and to our Minister, C. E. DeLong. In order to treat the Embassy properly, a resolution was passed appointing a committee to meet them somewhere, and show them the necessary courtesy, upon the occasion. Maclay was the chairman, and Gen. Betge and some others were members of this committee. These men, armed with the resolution of the Senate, and with free passes, went down to San José and came up with these Mongolian chiefs. They did the honors of the Capital, bringing them into the Senate Chamber and introducing them to the Speaker. Then they took them to the Orleans Hotel and feasted them. Then comes in a resolution to pay a bill of two thousand dollars. The bill is rather a civilized kind of an affair: lodging, $600; banquet, $800; carriages, $250; wine, $300; cigars, $50. Mr. Maclay introduced the bill to pay for these dainties, and followed it with one of the most ridiculous speeches of the session. On the 13th it was before the Senate for three hours, many taking part in the debate—some to show their wit; others, to appear in print; and others, to make capital out of the affair. Mr. Minis made a speech which gave the only information we had in reference to the standing of the Japanese people. Mr. Farley contended that their personal appearance did not recommend them to his favor, but thought they did not appear to a greater advantage than the Chinese among us. Mr. Pendegast had interviewed one of them, whom he said talked as good, if not better English than himself; and we all know Mr. P. is no "sardine" of a talker. He said this great man had read his speech and endorsed every word of it, which made him feel proud. Our old friend Minis said he was so deeply impressed with the necessity of obtaining information on the question as to the real standing of these men, that he had interviewed a Chinaman, and he found the Chinese did not like the Japs. He asked him if the Japs were his cousins? "Oh no, he all same as Chinamen; he fight—go way—he no good; he belly bad man." The question before the Senate seemed to be whether the Japs had standing in good society. Finney, Tompkins, Duffy and Pendegast thinking them fully equal to ourselves, and the other side placing them along side the Chinaman. Well, after two days, the Senate agreed to pay the hotel bill. It appears to us the voters of the State would not have made so much fuss about these fellows, and that the proposition of Farley and Fowler to pay this bill out of their own money would have met with general satisfaction.

INTEREST UPON INTEREST.

Mr. Oulton introduced a bill by which he makes interest, when not promptly paid, to draw the same interest that the note draws.

SCHOOL BILL.

Mr. Larkin introduced a bill upon the subject of education, by which we learn the whole fund to support schools throughout the State for six months in the year is to be drawn from the State Treasury. This is an important change and one which we think will work well after it is fairly inaugurated. If districts want schools for a larger period than six months, the districts so desiring can raise the money to support such schools in their own way, and as much as they wish. It makes it the duty of all parents and guardians to send their children and wards to school. It is based on the broad doctrine that the children are the property of the State. We think it a good move and hope it will be tried.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL.

While talking about education the Normal School comes into our minds. This looks like a great burden upon the people of the State. Much better give the funds to the common schools. When completed the building alone will cost about $300,000 dollars.

THE UNIVERSITY

Is another institution that so far has been badly managed. We hope some day to see this a great institution of learning, but are told that at present it is no better than a high grammar school.

STATE ARMORY.

This bill did not meet the approbation of the Committee and was reported upon adversely. Mr. Duffy's scheme was a magnificent one—buy more lots, build more houses and make Sacramento greater.

WOODLAND SCHOOL HOUSE.

A bill passed the Senate on the 13th allowing the Trustees to mortgage the school property of the Woodland district for $8,000 to build a school house and ornament the grounds.

A RESOLUTION

Also passed asking our Senators and Congressmen to have the Postmaster establish a post road and postal route in Yolo county.

DEFICIENCIES.

One bill appropriates twenty-two thousand dollars to supply deficiencies that have occurred in matter of stationery, stamps and the like. The manner by which these things are supplied is said to be objectionable. The materials are too easily gotten hold of.

DOUBLE TAXATION.

This subject comes up in a few days. We think nothing ought to be taxed but property. The way the law now is, property, or rather the evidence of indebtedness for property, may be taxed several times.

STATE PAPER AND LITIGANT BILLS.

These subjects of kindred nature will be taken up on to-morrow and discussed. We want to hear what Senators will say in favor of these laws. All Federal (and other patronage, where the Republicans have the power,) is given to their party papers, and we see no reason why Democratic Senators should not sustain the Litigant Law, which does the same thing for Democratic papers at reduced prices and under heavy bonds.

APPORTIONMENT.

A bill was introduced into the Assembly districting the Senatorial portion of our Legislature. This bill is very objectionable to some Senators, and we again say that we do not believe an act will pass both houses on this subject this session. The Constitution of the State does not make it imperative, as we read it. It simply says the census may be the basis of the apportionment. There is a project on foot to alter the Constitution so as to give each county a Senator, without reference to population.

EX-GOVERNOR STANFORD

Gave a magnificent party the other evening. Poor fellow, the snow has nearly ruined him, but if the Legislature is liberal he may worry along a few years yet. When before the Committee which has the subject of freights and fares assigned them he was asked by a member what he, as a citizen and a railroad owner, would advise? This kind, patriotic philanthropist and economist answered: "From my stand point, as a citizen of the State and an owner in the Corporation, my advice would be, *just to let the Company exercise its own judgment on the matter.*"

Fraternally yours, INDEX.

Letter from Oregon.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

DIXIE, Oregon, Feb. 8th.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—Political matters in this State are rapidly assuming shape. All the moves thus far made by the Democratic party are decidedly in opposition to any of the thousand and one new fangled notions which have been sprung by the various political sore-heads. There seems to be a fixed determination on the part of our ablest party leaders to stick steadfastly to the ancient tenets as enunciated by Adams and Jefferson, and in this they have the almost united support of the rank and file of the party.

Since my last a new Senatorial aspirant has appeared on the list, as you will see by your Oregon exchanges. This is no less an individual than Gov. Grover. He seems to be fixing things satisfactory to himself if not to others who have an eye on the position. The fact is, the Senatorship will be hotly contested for by Grover, Nesmith and Corbett, and I believe that if the people had their choice, irrespective of party, Nesmith would be the man, as he has been tried and gave general satisfaction to all.

We have been experiencing some very cold weather for this country, the thermometer indicating 10 and 15 degrees below freezing point for the last two weeks. Notwithstanding all this our farmers have been busily plowing, preparatory to Spring seeding. All of the Fall sown grain is more or less injured by the frost, and some of it is entirely destroyed. Cattle as a general thing have wintered through in very good condition, though some are very poor, and a cold snap would kill them. Hay and oats can now be bought for twenty per cent. less than in December, and a great many who would not then sell at any price are now keen to sell at greatly reduced rates.

The various railroad projects that are now under way have greatly enhanced the value of property in their immediate vicinity. Some are paying $30 and $35 per acre for land, but for the life of me I cannot see, taking everything else into consideration, how they can ever make the money out of it, or in other words make it a paying investment. Times are dull and everybody is hard at work.

Yours, etc., R. CLARK.

VINE GROWERS' CONVENTION.—We are in receipt of an invitation from I. N. Hoag, Esq., to attend a Convention at Sacramento, on the 21st inst., of all persons interested in the wine industries of the State, under the auspices of the California Vine Growers' and Wine and Brandy Manufacturers' Association. The object of the Convention is to inaugurate the encouragement and improvement of every department of the wine industry, for which the Association is organized. It will no doubt be largely attended, and we hope Yolo will be well represented in the Convention.

SACRAMENTO AND WOODLAND.—A daily boat is now crossing the tules each way from Washington and Woodland direct, connecting with four-horse coach about six miles east of the latter place.

New Advertisements.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office 416 and 418 California Street, San Francisco, California.

Capital, $750,000 Gold.

ASSETS, OVER $1,000,000, GOLD COIN

Chicago Losses Paid, $490,000 Gold.

THE "UNION" COMES OUT OF THE great "Chicago Fire" *solid and reliable*, having paid its liabilities *dollar* for *dollar*, thus maintaining its old reputation for *honorable dealing* and

PROMPT SETTLEMENT of LOSSES

Fire and Marine Insurance

—AT THE—

LOWEST RATES.

W. F. MOSES,

Agent for WOODLAND and vicinity,

OFFICE: AT WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S. fe17-3m

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Woodland and the surrounding country that he has located himself in Woodland for the purpose of

Teaching the French and German Languages,

And to this end will open a class as soon as a sufficient number of scholars shall have been attained. Private instruction will be given if desired.

Terms Very Moderate.

For further particulars inquire at the store of Mr. S. Kaufman, or at this office.

ALBERT H. UNGAR.

Refers to A. C. Keane, County Treesurer; T. C. Pockman, H. B. Wood, of Gray & Wood; Dr. Parramore, Cacheville. fe17-1m

NOTICE TO TRUSTEES.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES OF THE COUNTY will please forward to the County Superintendent before the first day of March, 1872, a statement of the amounts required to keep an EIGHT MONTHS SCHOOL in their respective Districts for the next school year, including all expenses.

R. R. DARBY,

fe17-2w Co. Sup't Common Schools.

Cal. P. R. R. Co. vs. Henry Perry et al.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo. CALIFORNIA PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, Petitioner, vs. HENRY PERRY, and all persons occupying, having, or claiming, any right, title, or interest, in and to the tract or lot of land hereinafter described, and the following described land, to wit: All that tract or lot of land situated, lying and being in the Town of Woodland, County of Yolo, State of California, more particularly described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a point on South Street, commonly called Main street, in said Town, at the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of section number twenty-nine (29), in Township number ten (10) north, range number two (2) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; running thence north two hundred and five (205) feet, thence west thirty (30) feet, thence south two hundred and five (205) feet, thence east thirty (30) feet to the place of beginning.

PETITION TO CONDEMN, ACQUIRE AND APPROPRIATE REAL ESTATE.

The said California Pacific Railroad Company hereby gives notice to the above named defendants, and to all other persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, possession or occupancy of, in or to the said tracts and lots of land hereinbefore described, or to either of them, or to any part thereof, that it has filed a petition and commenced proceedings in the said District Court under and in pursuance of the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of railroad companies and the management of the affairs thereof, and other matters relating thereto," approved May 20th, 1861, and the Acts amendatory thereof; that the object of said petition is to acquire and appropriate to the said petititioner for railroad purposes, the said tracts and lots of land hereinbefore described and also described in said petition for the construction, operation and maintenance of the track and tracks of the said railroad of said petitioner, and for water stations, depots, machine and workshops, turn-tables, wharves, warehouses and other buildings and structures necessary for said railroad, and for earth and other material for the construction and repair of said railroad; that said petition is now pending in said Court, and the Judge of said Court has appointed the

22d day of March, A. D. 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M.,

As the time, and the District Court Room in the City of Sacramento and County of Sacramento and State of California, as the place for the hearing of said petition, at which time and place you may attend, if you think proper.

CALIFORNIA PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,

fe17-5t By ROBERT ROBINSON, its Attorney.

Application for Pardon.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo.—In the County Court of said County.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, vs. BENJAMIN A. POWERS:—Indictment for an assault with an intent to commit murder.

To the Hon. JAMES A. HUTTON, the Judge of the Court in which said indictment was found, and to J. C. BALL, Esq., the District Attorney who prosecuted said Indictment: You, the Judge and District Attorney aforesaid, are hereby notified that in the trial of the above entitled action, I, Benjamin A. Powers, was, on the 23d day of October, A.D. 1869, convicted of the crime of an assault with an intent to commit murder; that, under said conviction, I was sentenced to confinement in the Penitentiary of said State for the period of ten years, and that it is my intention to make application to the Governor of said State for a pardon. BENJAMIN A. POWERS.

Service of the above notice is hereby acknowledged this 9th day of February, A.D. 1872.

J. A. HUTTON, County Judge,
J. C. BALL, District Attorney.

JAMES JOHNSON, Attorney for Petitioner.

Attest: A true copy. E. BYNUM, Clerk,

fe17-4t By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy.

PETITION.

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of the County of Yolo:

The undersigned petitioners respectfully represent—

First, That they are the owners, by Patent or Certificate of Purchase, of more than one-half of the land hereinafter described, and that the same is Swamp and Overflowed Land.

Second, That they desire to reclaim the same and that the same is susceptible of one mode of reclamation.

Third, That said land is now part of Swamp Land District No. Eighteen (18), and is capable of independent reclamation.

Fourth, That they desire the said land set off from said Swamp Land District number eighteen (18), and erected into a separate district.

Fifth, That all of said land has been sold, and it is all in the County of Yolo.

Sixth, The description of the land, the subject matter of this petition, is as follows; being the whole of sections two (2), three (3), four (4) and five (5), and the southeast quarter of section six (6), the east half of section seven (7), and sections eight (8), nine (9), ten (10) and eleven (11), township eight (8) north, range three (3) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, and containing five thousand six hundred (5,600) acres.

Seventh, That your petitioners each own the number of acres set opposite his name, hereunto affixed.

Your petitioners therefore pray, that after due proceedings had, you hear the subject of this petition and find and determine that the statements herein are correct, and that no land is improperly included or excepted from said proposed district, that your approval be noted on this petition and such note be signed by your President and attested by your Clerk; and that all such further action be taken and things done by your Honorable Board as will best accomplish the purposes of your petitioners.

Dated December 6th, 1871.

HENRY C. KIRK.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. ss.—Henry C. Kirk, being duly sworn, says that he is one of the signers to the above petition, that he has read the same and that the same is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

HENRY C. KIRK.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1871.

[SEAL.] JULIUS WETZLAR, Notary Public.

In the matter of the Petition of HENRY C. KIRK, for the formation of a Swamp Land District.

Now comes Henry C. Kirk, and presents to the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, at this the regular meeting of the Board for the month of February, 1872, his Petition duly verified by the oath of said petitioner, praying for the formation of a District for the reclamation of the body of Swamp and Overflowed lands stated in the Petition, and that a hearing of said petition be had.

It is therefore ordered by the Board that TUESDAY, the 12th day of March, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Supervisors' room, in the Court House at Woodland, be appointed for the hearing of said Petition, and that the Clerk of the Board cause said Petition to be published for four weeks next preceding the hearing thereof in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper published in Yolo County, in which said lands are situated, and that said Petition be heard at an adjourned meeting of this Board, to be held at said time and place.

It is further ordered that the Clerk cause to be published with the said Petition a certified copy of this order, and that the usual affidavit of publication be filed with the Clerk of the Board at or before the hearing.

GEO. H. SWINGLE, President.

E. BYNUM, Clerk,
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. } ss.

I hereby certify the above and forgoing to be a true copy of the order of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, duly made and entered in the Minutes of said Board on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1872, in said matter as the same appears of record in this office. Witness my hand and official seal hereto affixed this 8th day of February, A. D. 1872.

[SEAL.] E. BYNUM,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, California.
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy. fe10-5t

PETITION.

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of the County of Yolo:

The undersigned, your petitioners, respectfully represent—

First, That they are the owners by patents or certificates of purchase of more than one half of the land hereinafter described, and that the same is Swamp and Overflowed Land.

Second, That they desire to reclaim the same, and that the same is susceptible of one mode of reclamation.

Third, That said land is now part of Swamp Land District No. (18) eighteen, and is capable of independent reclamation.

Fourth, That they desire the said land set off from said Swamp Land District No. (18) Eighteen, and erected into a separate District.

Fifth, That all of said land has been sold, and it is all in the County of Yolo.

Sixth, The description of the land, the subject matter of this petition, is as follows: Being the whole of sections 16 and 17, and the west half of section 15, and the east half, east half of west half and northwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 18, and the whole of sections 19,20 and 21, and the west half of section 22, and the east half of northwest quarter and northwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 27, northwest quarter of section 28, north half of section 29 and north half of section 30, township 8 north, range 3 east Mount Diablo Meridian, and containing in all five thousand two hundred and eighty (5,280) acres.

Seventh, That your petitioners each own the number of acres set opposite his name hereunto affixed.

Your petitioners therefore pray, that after due proceedings had, you hear the subject of this petition, and find and determine that the statements herein made are correct, and that no land is improperly included or excepted from said proposed District, that your approval be noted on this petition, and such note be signed by your President, and attested by your Clerk, and that all such further action be taken and things be done by your Honorable Board as will best accomplish the purposes of your petitioners.

Dated, Dec. 2, 1871.

R. S. CAREY.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Sacraments, ss.—R. S. Carey, being duly sworn, says that he's one of the signers to the above petition, that he has read the same, and that the same is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

R. S. CAREY.

Subscribed and sworn to before me December 6th, 1871.

[SEAL.] ED. M. MARTIN, Notary Public.

In the matter of the Petition of R. S. CAREY, for the formation of a Swamp Land District.

Now comes R. S. Carey, and presents to the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, at this the regular meeting of the Board for the month of February, 1872, his Petition duly verified by the oath of said petitioner, praying for the formation of a District for the reclamation of the body of Swamp and Overflowed lands stated in the Petition, and that a hearing of said Petition be had.

It is therefore ordered by the Board that TUESDAY, the 12th day of March, 1872, at 10 o'clock A M., at the Supervisors' room, in the Court House at Woodland, be appointed for the hearing of said Petition, and that the Clerk of the Board cause said Petition to be published for four weeks next preceding the hearing thereof in the YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper published in Yolo County, in which said lands are situated, and that said Petition be heard at an adjourned meeting of this Board, to be held at said time and place.

It is further ordered that the Clerk cause to be published with the said Petition a certified copy of this order, and that the usual affidavit of publication be filed with the Clerk of the Board at or before the hearing.

GEO. H. SWINGLE, President.

E. BYNUM, Clerk,
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. } ss.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true copy of the order of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, duly made and entered in the Minutes of said Board, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1872, in said matter as the same appears of record in this office. Witness my hand and official seal hereto affixed this 8th day of February, A.D. 1872.

[SEAL.] E. BYNUM,
County Clerk, and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, California.
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy. fe10-5t

PETITION.

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of the County of Yolo, State of California—

The undersigned, your petitioner, respectfully represents—

First, That he is the owner of all the lands hereinafter described, and that the same is Swamp and Overflowed Land.

Second, That he desires to reclaim the same, and that the same is susceptible of one mode of reclamation.

Third, That said land is now part of swamp Land District No. (18) Eighteen, and is susceptible of independent reclamation.

Fourth, That he desires said land set off from said Swamp Land District No. (18) Eighteen, and erected into a separate District.

Fifth, That all of said land has been sold and is in Yolo County.

Sixth, The description of the land, the subject matter of this petition, is as follows: Sec. 2 east, east half of southeast quarter of section 4, sections 10, 11, sections 14, 15, southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 21, sections 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, and east half of the southeast quarter of section 29, all in township (7) seven, north of ran e (3) three east of Mount Diablo Meridian. Excepting the south half of the south half of section 27, and the west half of the southwest quarter of quarter of section 26.

The undersigned petitioner intends to construct levees and ditches for the reclamation of said lands according to the Statute Laws of California regulating such matters, and as may best accomplish the same.

Seventh, That your petitioner therefore prays, that after due proceedings had, you hear the subject of this petition, and find and determine that the said statements herein made are correct, and that no land is improperly included or excluded from said proposed District; that your approval be noted on this petition, and such note be signed by your President and attested by your Clerk, and that all such further action and things be done by your Honorable Board as will best accomplish the purposes of your petitioner.

Dated December 4th, 1871.

J. H. GLIDE.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Sacramento, ss.—Joseph H. Glide, being duly sworn, says that he is the signer of the above petition, that he has read the same and that the same is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

J. H. GLIDE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, December 4th, 1871.

[SEAL.] CHARLES J. TORBUT.
Notary Public in and for the County of Sacramento, State of California.

In the matter of the Petition of J. H. GLIDE, for the formation of a Swamp Land District.

Now comes J. H. Glide, and presents to the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, at this the regular meeting or the Board for the month of February, 1872, his Petition duly verified by the oath of said petitioner, praying for the formation of a District for the reclamation of the body of Swamp and Overflowed lands stated in the Petition, and that a hearing of said Petition be had.

It is therefore ordered by the Board that TUESDAY, the 12th day of March, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Supervisors' room, in the Court House at Woodland, be appointed for the hearing of said Petition, and that the Clerk of the Board cause said Petition to be published for four weeks next preceding the hearing thereof in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper published in Yolo County, in which said lands are situated, and that said Petition be heard at an adjourned meeting of this Board, to be held at said time and place.

It is further ordered that the Clerk cause to be published with the said Petition a certified copy of this order, and that the usual affidavit of publication be filed with the Clerk of the Board at or before the hearing.

GEO. H. SWINGLE, President.

E. BYNUM, Clerk,
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. } ss.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true copy of the order of the Board of Supervisoas of Yolo County, duly made and entered in the Minutes of said Board, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1872, in said matter as the same appears of record in this office. Witness my hand and official seal hereto affixed this 8th day of February, A. D. 1872.

[SEAL.] E. BYNUM,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, California.
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy. fe10-5t

PETITION.

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of the County of Yolo:

The undersigned, your petitioners, respectfully represent—

First, That they are the owners, by Patent or Certificate of Purchase, of more than one-half of the land hereinafter described, and that the same is Swamp and Overflowed Land.

Second, That they desire to reclaim the same and that the same is susceptible of one mode of reclamation.

Third, That said land is now part of Swamp Land District No. Eighteen (18), and is capable of independent reclamation, being almost entirely separated from the main tule by sloughs.

Fourth, That they desire the said land set off from said Swamp Land District number eighteen (18) and erected into a separate district.

Fifth, That all of said land has been sold, and it is all in the county of Yolo.

Sixth, The description of the land, the subject of this petition, is as follows; being the east half of section thirty-two (32), section thirty-three (33), and section thirty-four (34), of township seven (7) north, range three (3) east, and sections four (4) and five (5), and the northeast quarter of section nine (9), and the north half of section ten (10), township six (6) north, range three (3) east, base and meridian of Mount Diablo, containing three thousand three hundred and sixty (3,360) acres.

Seventh, That your petitioners each own the number of acres set opposite their names, hereunto affixed.

Your petitioners therefore pray, that after due proceedings had, you hear the subject of this petition and find and determine that the statements herein made are correct, and that no land is improperly included or excepted from said proposed district, that your approval be noted on this petition and such note be signed by your President and attested by your Clerk; and that all such further action be taken and things done by your Honorable Board as will best accomplish the purposes of your petitioners.

Dated December 6th, 1871.

CHRIS GREEN.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Sacramento, ss.—Chris. Green, being duly sworn, says that he is one of the above petitioners, that he has read the same and that the same is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

CHRIS GREEN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this December 7th, 1871.

[SEAL.] MATT. F. JOHNSON,
Notary Public, Sacramento Co., Cal.

In the matter of the Petition of CHRIS GREEN, for the formation of a Swamp Land District.

Now comes Chris Green, and presents to the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, at this the regular meeting of the Board for the month of February, 1872, his Petition duly verified by the oath of said petitioner, praying for the formation of a District for the reclamation of the body of Swamp and Overflowed lands stated in the Petition, and that a hearing of said Petition be had.

It is therefore ordered by the Board that TUESDAY, the 12th day of March, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Supervisors' room, in the Court House at Woodland, be appointed for the hearing of said Petition, and that the Clerk of the Board cause said Petition to be published for four weeks next preceding the hearing thereof in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper published in Yolo County, in which said lands are situated, and that said Petition be heard at an adjourned meeting of this Board, to be held at said time and place.

It is further ordered that the Clerk cause to be published with the said Petition a certified copy of this order, and that the usual affidavit of publication be filed with the Clerk of the Board at or before the hearing.

GEO. H. SWINGLE, President.

E. BYNUM, Clerk,
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. } ss.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true copy of the order of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, duly made and entered in the Minutes of said Board, on the 7th day of February, A.D. 1872, in said matter as the same appears of record in this office. Witness my hand and official seal hereto affixed this 8th day of February, A.D. 1872.

[SEAL.] E. BYNUM,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, California.
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy. fe10-5t

PETITION.

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of the County of Yolo:

The undersigned, your petitioner, respectfully represents—

First, That he is the owner by patents from the State of California to himself and Joseph Glide, of all the lands hereinafter described, and that the same is Swamp and Overflowed Land.

Second, That he desires to reclaim the same and that the same is susceptible of one mode of reclamation.

Third, That said land is now part of Swamp Land District No. (18) eighteen, and is capable of independent reclamation.

Fourth, That he desires the said land set off from said Swamp Land District No. (18) eighteen, and erected into a separate District.

Fifth, That all of said land has been sold and is all in Yolo County.

Sixth, The description of the land, the subject matter of this petition, is as follows: Being the south half of section 10, southeast quarter, east half and southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 9, sections 15, 16, 17, south half and east half and southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 18, sections 19, 20, and north half of section 21, north half and southwest quarter of section 29, section 30, north half of section 31, and northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 32, all in township No. 6 north, of range 3, east of Mount Diablo Meridian. The undersigned petitioner intends to construct a levee and ditch along the line of said lands, commencing at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of section 18, to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section 10, thence along the east line of said tract south to the southeast corner of the north half of section 31, thence west to the township line and north to the place of beginning: said levee and ditch to connect with the waters of Shag Slough, a tributary of Cache Slough, at or near the southeast corner of the above described lands. Tract containing six thousand and forty acres of land.

Seventh, That your petitioner owns the number of acres set opposite his name hereunto affixed. Your petitioner therefore prays that after due proceedings had, you hear the subject of this petition and find and determine that the statements herein made are correct, and that no land is improperly included or excepted from said proposed District, that your approval be noted on this petition, and such note be signed by your President and attested by your Clerk, and that all such further action be taken and things done by your Honorable Board as will best accomplish the purposes of your petitioner.

Dated, Dec. 4, 1871.

HARVEY WILCOX, 6040 Acres.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Sacramento, ss.—Harvey Wilcox, being duly sworn, says that he is the signer of the above petition, that he has read the same, and that the same is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

HARVEY WILCOX.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, December 4th, 1871.

[SEAL.] CHARLES J. TORBUT,
Notary Public in and for Sacramento County, State of California.

In the matter of the Petition of HARVEY WILCOX, for the formation of a Swamp Land District.

Now comes Harvey Wilcox, and presents to the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, at this the regular meeting of the Board for the month of February, 1872, his Petition duly verified by the oath of said petitioner, praying for the formation of a District for the reclamation of the body of Swamp and Overflowed lands stated in the Petition, and that a hearing of said Petition be had.

It is therefore ordered by the Board that TUESDAY, the 12th day of March, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Supervisors' room, in the Court House at Woodland, be appointed for the hearing of said Petition, and that the Clerk of the Board cause said Petition to be published for four weeks next preceding the hearing thereof in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper published in Yolo County, in which said lands are situated, and that said Petition be heard at an adjourned meeting of this Board, to be held at said time and place.

It is further ordered that the Court cause to be published with the said Petition a certified copy of this order, and that the usual affidavit of publication be filed with the Clerk of the Board at or before the hearing.

GEO. H. SWINGLE, President.

E. BYNUM, Clerk,
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. } ss.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true copy of the order of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, duly made and entered in the Minutes of said Board, on the 7th day of February, A.D. 1872, in said matter as the same appears of record in this office. Witness my hand and official seal hereto affixed this 8th day of February, A.D. 1872.

[SEAL.] E. BYNUM,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, California.
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy. fe10-5t

PETITION.

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of the County of Yolo:

The undersigned, your petitioners, respectfully represent—

First, That they are the owners, by Patent or Certificate of Purchase, of more than one-half of the land hereinafter described, and that the same is Swamp and Overflowed Land.

Second, That they desire to reclaim the same, and that the same is susceptible of one mode of reclamation.

Third, That said land is now part of Swamp Land District No. Eighteen (18), and is capable of independent reclamation, being almost entirely apart from the main tule by sloughs.

Fourth, That they desire the said land set off from said Swamp Land District number Eightern (18) and erected into a separate district.

Fifth, That all of said land has been sold, and it is all in the County of Yolo.

Sixth, The description of the land, the subject matter of this petition, is as follows; being the whole of sections 9, 10, and 15, and fractional parts of sections 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 17, 16, 11, 14, 21, 22 and 23, of town 7 north, range 4 east, base and meridian of Mount Diablo; and said tract is bounded as follows, to wit: North by the Sacramento river and Babel slough, west by Babel slough and a small portion of the main tules, south by Babel slough and the Sacramento river, and east by the Sacramento river. Said tract does contain in all about four thousand three hundred (4,300) acres.

Seventh, That your petitioners each own the number of acres set opposite their names, hereunto affixed.

Your petitioners therefore pray, that after due proceedings had, you hear the subject of this petition and find and determine that the statements herein made are correct, and that no land is improperly included or excepted from said district, that your approval be noted on this petition and such note be signed by you and attested by your Clerk, and that all such further action be taken and things done by your Honorable Board as will best accomplish the purpose of your petitioners.

Dated December 6th, 1871.

J. I. UNDERHILL.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Sacramento, ss.—J. I. Underhill, being duly sworn, says that he is one of the above petitioners, that he has read the same and that the same is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

J. I. UNDERHILL.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this December 7th, 1871.

[SEAL.] MATT. F. JOHNSON,
Notary Public, Sacramento Co., Cal.

In the matter of the Petition of J. I. UNDERHILL, for the formation of a Swamp Land District.

Now comes J. I. Underhill, and presents to the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, at this the regular meeting of the Board for the month of February, 1872, his Petition duly verified by the oath of said petitioner, praying for the formation of a District for the reclamation of the body of Swamp and Overflowed Lands stated in the Petition, and that a hearing of said Petition be had.

It is therefore ordered by the Board that TUESDAY, the 12th day of March, 1872, at 10 o'clock A.M., at the Supervisors' room, in the Court House at Woodland, be appointed for the hearing of said Petition, and that the Clerk of the Board cause said Petition to be published for four weeks next preceding the hearing thereof in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper published in Yolo County, in which such lands are situated, and that said Petition be heard at an adjourned meeting of this Board, to be held at the same time and place.

It is further ordered that the Clerk cause to be published with the said Petition a certified copy of this order, and that the usual affidavit of publication be filed with the Clerk of the Board at or before the hearing.

GEO. H. SWINGLE, President.

E. BYNUM, Clerk,
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. } ss.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true copy of the order of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, duly made and entered in the Minutes of said Board, on the 7th day of February, A.D. 1872, in said matter as the same appears of record in this office. Witness my hand and official seal hereto affixed this 8th day of February, A.D. 1872.

[SEAL.] E. BYNUM,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, California.
By J. L. SIMPSON, Deputy. fe10-5t

Sheriff's Sale.

BY AUTHORITY OF AN EXECUTION ISsued from the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, for Yolo County, to satisfy a Judgment of said Court rendered January 18, 1872, in favor of SAMUEL RULAND, against B. MENDESSOLLE, for two hundred and fifty dollars, with such costs as are taxable against the said Mendessolle since the entry of said judgment—I have levied upon the property attached at the commencement of the action between said parties, to wit:

The one undivided half of a tract of land containing ten acres, situated in Yolo County, California, commencing at a point one hundred and six and two-thirds rods west of the northeast corner of section thirty-one of township ten north, of range two east, Mount Diablo Meridian; running thence south sixty rods, thence west twenty-six and two-thirds rods, thence north sixty rods, and thence east twenty-six and two-thirds rods to the place of beginning—less a strip of land twenty feet wide along the west side of said tract, reserved for a public highway—with the buildings and improvements thereon; which property I will, on

Saturday, February 24, 1872, at 11 o'clock A. M.,

Sell, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court house door of Yolo county, to satisfy said judgment.

Woodland, Yolo County, Cal., Feb. 3d, 1872.

J. P. BULLOCK, Sheriff.

FROST & BUSH, Pl'ff's Att'ys. fe3-4t

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of A. L. Ashley, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN by the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of A. L. ASHLEY, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator, at the late residence of the deceased, near Buckeye, in said Yolo county; or to his Attorney, J. C. BALL, at his office in Woodland, in the said county of Yolo.

Dated February 3d, 1872.

fe3-5t WM. H. ASHLEY, Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Edward T. Barnum, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN by the undersigned, Executor of the estate of EDWARD T. BARNUM, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his place of business in Woodland, Yolo County, California.

Dated—Jan. 27th, 1872.

JOHN H. BROGAN, Executor.

ja27-5t Office at Store of Smith & Brogan.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Partnership heretofore existing between Drs. B. H. PEIRSON and G. H. JACKSON, under the firm name of PEIRSON & JACKSON, doing business as Physicians and Surgeons in Woodland and vicinity, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 31st day of December, 1871.

Dated—Woodland, Frbruary 9th, 1872.

B. H. PEIRSON,
fe10-5t G. H. JACKSON.

EXAMINERS' MEETING

The BOARD OF EXAMINERS will meet at the Court House in Woodland on the

Sixth day of March, 1872,

For the Examination of Teachers, etc. By order of R. R. DARBY,
Co. Superintendent of Common Schools.
Woodland, Feb. 1st, 1872. fe8td

The Yolo Democrat.

Agents for the Yolo Democrat.

L. SAMUEL, No. 70 J street, is authorized to solicit advertisements and subscriptions for this paper in Sacramento.

THOMAS BOYCE, L. P. FISHER, BEAN & Co., and W. B. LAKE are authorized agents of this paper at San Francisco.

GEORGE P. ROWELL & Co., 41 Park Row, are our authorized agents in New York.

LOCAL AGENTS:

D. B. GOODE.....Agent at Large.
J. J. AMMONS.....do do
E. R. DARBY.....Cottonwood.
HARLING, WELCH & Co.....Buckeye.
J. W. SNOWBALL.....Knight's Landing.
A. J. HALL.....Cachéville.
JUDGE J. ONEAL.....Davisville.
W. M. GREEN.....Washington.

Town and County Matters.

ANOTHER BRICK YARD.—We learn that Nathan Elliott, one of our most enterprising citizens, intends to commence the manufacture of bricks as early this season as the weather will permit. He is an old hand at the business, and understands it thoroughly in all its branches—from the clay in its native state to the building of a well adorned banking house. He also informs us that he has discovered a process for burning bricks that will be a great saving of wood, and consequently enable him to sell brick much cheaper, or put them into buildings at a much lower price than ever before. This is a small town for two brick-yards, but competition is the life of trade, and we hope they may both make a living and do much to build up our town. As the great fire in Chicago, last fall, destroyed many thousand costly buildings and structures which are being rebuilt as fast as material can be procured, and it having been positively ascertained that brick buildings withstood the flames and terrible heat much better than any other material; and as bricks are, and will be used in preference to stone, iron, or any other material for rebuilding the metropolis of the Great West, we believe that Chicago, or any accessible point for low freights on the lake or river would be a splendid place for brick manufacturing, and that Mr. Elliott, or any energetic man who understands the business, could make a fortune there in a few years.

ANOTHER WHINE.—The last issue of the *Mail* contains another characteristic whine against the Litigant Law, because, under the statute, legal advertisements for Yolo county have to be published in the DEMOCRAT. The particular cause of the *Mail's* piteous grief in the present instance was an advertisement from the C. P. R. R. Company's attorney in reference to a suit pending in the Sixth District Court at Sacramento. Now, we notice that when the aforesaid paper publishes the advertisements coming to this county from the Federal Courts and other departments of the Government, or from the Revenue Officers, or from the Land Office of the District (and it invariably gets them all)—*that* is all right—just as it should be. It makes all the difference in the world to our neighbor whether his or somebody else's ox gets the goring. As the Litigant Act has been repealed, however, he will have no further cause of complaint on that score.

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.—The concert heretofore announced as in preparation by the blind artists, J. M. Wood, Miss Ella Moran and J. F. Walker, assisted by the best musical talent of our town, will take place in Central Hall on Monday evening next, 19th inst. It is needless to say the entertainment will be good, for our citizens have before had exhibitions of the talent of the performers. Who could be more deserving of the sympathy and patronage of the public than the blind principals of this concert? We have no doubt the hall will be crowded to its utmost capacity.

ROLL OF HONOR.—Following is the Roll of Honor of Fillmore District School for the month ending Feb. 9th:

	Percentage.
Zella Browning	98
Katie Fisher	98
Ruth Lucas	96
Nannie Lucas	96
Susan Harlan	96
Tilly Browning	96
Mary Lucas	95
Grace Kincheloe	95
Sophie Kincheloe	94
Harvey Knauer	96
Charley Browning	92
Johnny Day	90
Lizzie Morris	90
Gente Day	95
Victorine Harlan	96
Eva Kincheloe	91
Annie Spurgeon	91

F. A. PEDLER, Teacher.

RELIABLE INSURANCE.—Property owners are referred to the advertisement of the Union Insurance Company in another column. Mr. W. F. Moses, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s agent, has accepted the agency of the "Union," and may be implicitly relied upon to do the business of the Company properly, and in a manner to abundantly satisfy his patrons. Every person should insure against loss by fire.

JUSTICE'S COURT—SATURDAY, FEB. 10TH—J. H. THOMPSON, J. P.—Geary and Frazer vs. B. Mendessolle & Co.—Judgment by default entered and execution issued.

Monday, 12th.—Hubbard and Tebbs vs. B. Mendessolle & Co.—Same result.

Wednesday, 14th.—A. and J. Geary vs. Horace Pierce—Replevin; property taken by the officer.

FRENCH AND GERMAN.—An excellent opportunity is afforded to learn both the German and French languages from a thoroughly competent teacher, Mr. Albert H. Ungar, who comes well recommended and announces that he will start a class as soon as a sufficient number subscribe to warrant him in the undertaking.

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.—Wednesday last was St. Valentine's Day and many of our young folks took advantage of the opportunity it affords of saying sweet words to their loved ones and have a little fun with male or female friend.

Vacaville Correspondence.

VACAVILLE, Feb. 12th, 1872.

MR. EDITOR:—Although I am personally an entire stranger to you, if you will consider it no intrusion I propose to give your paper an occasional item from our town.

A short time since, I was at a house in this vicinity where the industrious mother was busily engaged in her kitchen in culinary operations, when, from where I was sitting in an adjoining room, I heard her tell her eldest boy, a lad of some fifteen years, to cut up a pig's head, preparatory to a stew. The big boy's mandate was then issued, and from the window I soon saw his little brother running to the woodpile, who returned bearing on his shoulder a heavy ax. The lad taking the said bit of pork into a storeroom adjoining the kitchen, placed it upon a large table, already heavily laden with furniture, such as crockery, jars, pans, bottles, *et id omne genus*. Soon the house resounded with the rattling and ringing of the furniture as the table quivered under the successive strokes of the ponderous ax. Presently there came a sort of crash, followed by the serious exclamation of the lad, "t-h-e-r-e now." "Have you broke anything?" exclaimed the excited mother; to which the lad (in subdued voice) replied, "Yes, mam." "What is it?" demanded the mother. When our hero very gravely replied, "the head." Now, Mr. Editor, when this unexpected flash came, although your correspondent was at a respectful distance from the scene of action, and more than half sick at the time, yet he was thrown from his balance, and completely lost his gravity.

This little incident reminds me somewhat of another rather ludicrous one, which I witnessed long years ago when a school-boy. A class in natural philosophy, of which I was a member, had been called for recitation; the subject of the lesson was the attraction of cohesion. The recitation went favorably for some time, when we came to a halt by the teacher coming in contact with a young man, or overgrown boy, to whose dull apprehension it was not so clear that the power of cohesion is that property in matter which holds the constituent particles of a body together. So after several fruitless efforts to make plain the philosophy of the thing to this genus pedagogue, he in despairing mood resolved to lead the "forlorn hope," by essaying one more effort at illustration. "George," said he, "if I should split that desk open with an ax, what would I destroy?" Whereupon, without hesitation, and with much satisfaction, Vocative promptly replied, "The desk!" QUIZ.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY AND THE RED MEN.—The Great Sachem of the Improved Order of Red Men of California has issued the following circular to the Tribes throughout the State:

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, }
GREAT COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA. }
Office of the Great Sachem, Sacramento,
1st sun Snow moon, G. S. D. 381.

To all Tribes, Greeting:—Brothers:—Our Venerable Great Council of the United States, in its wisdom has named Washington's Birthday, February 22d, as a day appropriate to be observed and celebrated by our Order, American as it is, in birth and principles. This designation conforms to our own desires, and with the patriotic emotions of the brethren.

Wherefore, I do grant a dispensation for all Tribes to celebrate that day by such proper exercises, public or private, as to them may seem meet. And I do call upon the brotherhood to join in unity and purpose, to make all such celebrations an honor to the memory of him whose virtues and patriotism we seek to commemorate, and a pride to the noble Order to which we are attached. W. H. MILLS, Great Sachem. Attest: J. A. WOODSON, G. C. of R.

Invitations have been issued by the Committee of the sixteen Tribes in San Francisco to members throughout California, to join with them in celebrating the anniversary of the birth of him who was "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen"—a day peculiarly appropriate to be celebrated by this emphatically and exclusively American Order. We learn, also, that Shawnee Tribe, No. 40, of Woodland, is making arrangements to celebrate.

RETAINED.—Notwithstanding all that has been said about the "infamous State Paper Law," and the unanimity with which the press of the State, of all parties, has denounced the measure, the Legislature in its mighty wisdom, thus far refuses to repeal it. This looks very much as though outside influences had been brought to bear upon members which had more weight with them than the wishes of their constituents.

REMOVED.—Nangle, the Anatomical Boot Maker has removed his shop to the Good Templars' building, opposite Roberts' livery stable and west of the railroad. He will make fashionable boots to order that will fit like a charm. He respectfully invites the patronage of his old customers and the public in general.

PASSED.—The Act enabling the Trustees of Woodland School District to mortgage the school property of the district to the extent of eight thousand dollars, in order to raise that amount of money with which to finish off the new school edifice and fence and decorate the grounds, has passed the Senate.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—Your attention is called to the notice of the County Superintendent, requesting a statement of amounts necessary to defray the expenses of eight months school in the different districts.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE TO RENT.—A commodious and pleasantly located residence in Woodland is offered to a good tenant at a reasonable price. For particulars inquire at this office or of T. C. Pockman.

FOR THE VERY BEST PHOTOGRAPHS, go to Bradley & Rulofson's Gallery, without stairs. ☞ *Ascent in the Elevator* — 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

PACIFIC IN TONE.—A Washington telegram of the 10th says:

"A cable dispatch was sent on Wednesday by Secretary Fish, in reply to the note of Lord Granville, in which it was explained that the object of the United States in presenting the claims for indirect damages by Confederate cruisers to the Geneva arbitrators, was to place the whole question before the Board, and leave nothing unsettled that might be productive of future discord between the two countries. If only claims for direct damages were considered, it might be urged that the question was still open to dispute, and it was thought best to present the whole case to the arbitrators, and leave it to their decision. The above is perfectly reliable.

RED MEN.—Shawnee Tribe, No. 40, I. O. R. M., have decided to have a social gathering of the members and their families on the Eve of Washington's Birthday. Arrangements for a supper, etc., will be made by the Committee.

PREACHING.—Elder J. N. Pendegast will deliver a discourse at the Christian Chapel on to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 7 o'clock, on The Morality of Spiritualism.

WINE SALE.—A large sale of wine under execution will take place today (Saturday), at the Winery, one mile west of Woodland.

THE OWLS.—We understand there is to be a meeting of the Owls at the Court House this evening.

DR. LIVINGSTON.—An Expedition in search of Dr. Livingston sailed from London on the 14th inst.

Change of Base.

Confidence is restored. We shall have an abundant harvest this year, and the glittering gold will be plenty—Providence supplies all things well—and we should be content. The firmament has been darkened, the serene skies have been disturbed, the rain has fallen in torrents, the soil is moistened as deep as desired, the earth is now verdant and beautiful; the grain is coming up. So will real estate in Woodland. Now is a splendid time to buy. I now offer for sale land in parcels from usual sized town lots to half-acre tracts—if you want more land take more lots. I have lots in alfalfa, lots with vines upon them, lots with orchard trees in bearing, lots in wheat, a house and lot, and a barn and lot; also a four-acre lot fenced and in fine condition to sow with clover. If you wish to eat fruit from your own vine and fig tree, come and buy a lot of me. There are, I have no doubt, some who desire a home in Woodland, to come and educate their children; others who want clover lots, for their cows, horses, pigs, chickens, etc., and still others who want lots for speculation. Come and buy of me; my lots are well adapted for all of these purposes. Now is the golden opportunity. Woodland is centrally located, a thriving place and will make a much larger town. I need all *cash down*, but am willing to accommodate, and will give time if desired, for I want everybody to have a home. Come and see me. If you cannot come on account of bad roads, or are very busy putting in your crops, or for any other reason, write. You will find me for the present cheerful but needy. Stand ye not idly by, for he that whiles his time away will rust out and be forgotten. Shakespeare says there is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune. I say procure a lot while prices are at the lowest ebb. "This is a flood season," and prosperity to the country is rapidly flowing. Avail yourselves all, before it is too late, and float on to prosperity, peace and happiness, and when the night air serene pervades the earth, sleep ye all under your own house roof. Act wisely and procure a home.

Believe me truly, NATHAN ELLIOTT,
January 27th, 1872. ja27

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer does not dye, but restores the hair to its natural color.

BORN.

Near Woodland, February 12th, to the wife of T. Laugenour, a Son.

Near Cachville, Yolo County, February 4th, to the wife of A. Kergel, a son.

DIED.

At Buckeye, Feb. 14th, infant son of J. F. and Susan Baker, aged 5 months and 28 days.

In Sacramento, Feb. 12, Wm. Keithley, aged 44 years 5 months and 16 days.

At Cottonwood, February 12th, of inflammation of the bowels, Bertha, wife of L. Andree, aged 38 years and 5 months.

Wakashaw, Wisconsin, papers please copy.

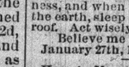
SPECIAL NOTICES.

Sinking Slowly.

Diseases that progress rapidly to a crisis are not the only ones to be dreaded. Canker or dry rot does not blast a tree as suddenly as a stroke of lightning, but unless arrested destroys it as certainly; and in like manner chronic debility, although it does not kill with the swiftness of yellow fever, is as sure to sap the the springs of life eventually as any acute disease, if not checked by invigorating medication. There is something inexpressibly touching in the spectacle of premature decay. Languor, pallor, emanciation, depression of spirits, and a distaste for exertion, are its ordinary symptoms, and they should be promptly met by tonic treatment. The best invigorant and exhilerant that can be administered in a case of this kind is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The stimulating principle of the preparation rouses the dormant energies of the system, and the strengthening and regulating properties give a permanent and healthful impulse to the vital forces thus brought into play. The failing appetite is re-awakened, the process of digestion and assimilation are quickened, the quality of the blood is improved, the secretions become more natural, and every organ that contributes to the nourishment of the body undergoes salutary change. By these means the repair of the physical structure is effected and its health and vigor restored. In no class of diseases has the beneficent operation of the Bitters been more marked and striking than in those characterized by general debility and nervous prostration. Ladies afflicted with these ailments find in this most wholesome of all tonics and correctives the safest and surest means of relief. It is strong to restore and powerless to injure. Such is the uniform testimony of "clouds of witnesses."

SUICIDE, committed as the result of an inactive state of the liver and stomach, producing headache, obtuse intellect, dullness, despondency, dementia, and finally insanity, is no uncommon occurrence. All these disagreeable symptoms and bad feelings are most certainly dispelled by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It revitalizes and builds up the whole system. A little book on chronic diseases sent free. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y. Golden Medical Discovery sold by all druggists.

NEW FURNITURE STORE.



The undersigned have opened a Furniture Store in Woodland, and solicit the patronage of those in want of

Iousehold Furniture,
Spring Mattresses,
Lounges, etc.

Old Furniture Repaired and Varnished!

N. B. Having purchased a fine **Hearse** for the purpose of carrying on the UNDERTAKING business, we are prepared to furnish **Coffins,** and conduct Funerals in the best manner, with promptness, and at reasonable rates. Our place of business is on Main street, opposite the College.

ja13-3m SMITH & BROGAN.

Wells, Fargo & Co.s' Sale of Unclaimed Packages!

The following articles, unless previously redeemed, will be sold at Public Auction for charges, at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., in the town of Woodland, Feb. 28th, 1872:

Churn,	C. B. Bigsby,	Rec'd Nov. 24, 1870.
Parcel,	Hugh Gartland,	"
Package,	J. B. Jacobs,	" Sept. 30, 1870
Parcel,	N. Lamsden,	" May 5, "
Case,	A. W. Osburn,	" May 30, "
Castings,	Woodland Mills,	" Oct. 12, "

Woodland, Jan. 24th, 1872.
ja27-6w WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Central Hall Association.

Notice to Stockholders.

ALL PERSONS owning or holding Shares in the said Association are hereby notified that there will be a Meeting of the Stockholders thereof at Central Hall, in the Town of Woodland, State of California,

On the 17th day of February, A. D. 1872,

At 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing officers and for such other business as may be legally transacted. A full attendance of the Shareholders is earnestly desired.

By order of Trustees.
F. E. BAKER, Secretary.
Woodland, January 20th, 1872. ja27td

FURNISHING AND DRESS GOODS!

Groceries and Provisions!

SILKS, MUSLINS, ALPACAS, MOIRE ANTIQUES, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, HOSIERY, PAPER COLLARS, CARPETBAGS, TRUNKS, TEA, SUGAR, COFFEE, FLOUR, &c., &c.;

In fact everything in the line of

General Merchandise

Can be found at my Store.

"Live and Let Live." Quick Sales and Small Profits, is my motto. I am determined not to be undersold.

GIVE ME A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING;

You can be suited in price and quality of goods.

HENRY ARONSON.
Main Street, opposite Hesperian College.
Woodland, Yolo Co., Jan. 28th, 1872. de23-3m

NEW SUPPLIES

FOR 1872.

Those wishing to supply themselves with

Choice Groceries & Provisions

Would do well to call and examine the Stock of

J. H. EATON & SON,

Successors to Eaton & Lawson, two doors east of the Capital Hotel.

To the public in general we would say that we keep on hand at all times a fresh supply of the best

Tea,
Coffee,
Sugar,
Cheese,
Flour,
Meal,
Rice,
Syrup,

And everything to be found in a first-class Grocery Store. Besides a large assortment of Queensware, Glassware, Crockery, Lamps, Lanterns, Boots, Shoes, and the best brands of Tobacco and Cigars.

ALSO, CANDIES, NUTS, KEROSENE OIL, HAMS, BACON, HARDWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, NAILS, ROPE, FUSE, POWDER, SHOT AND CAPS, Etc.

All of which we will sell at the LOWEST possible rates. We solicit a continuance of a share of the public patronage, feeling that from our choice supplies we can please every one in quality as well as price. Highest prices paid for butter, eggs and produce.

ja27-3m J. H. EATON & SON.

SELLING OFF!

CHEAP!

Retiring from Business!

A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE PURCHASES.

S. HYMAN'S

IS THE PLACE!

Store Opposite the Capital Hotel,

WOODLAND.

As I wish to retire from the mercantile business, I have determined to offer my

ENTIRE STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Hats, Caps,
Boots, Shoes,
Groceries,
Hardware, Etc.,

At Greatly Reduced Prices,

And invite the public to

Call and Examine my Goods.

To any person desirous of purchasing my Stock entire, with the privilege of Renting or Leasing the Store, a splendid opportunity is offered. The whole stock will be sold

WITHOUT RESERVE.

The stand is one of the best in the flourishing town of Woodland.

Call and See.

S. HYMAN.

ja6-3m

AGENTS WANTED!

THE LOST CITY;
—OR—
CHICAGO
As it Was and As it Is!

A History of the Great Fire, truthful and accurate. A vivid and detailed account of the most terrible calamity that has ever befallen the civilized world. Startling Incidents; Hairbreadth Escapes; The Fearful Ravages of the Fire Fiend; The Reign of Terror. Profusely and beautifully illustrated, including Views of the City before and since the fire, still sublimely grand in its ruins. Orders will be filled and received. The fastest selling book ever sold by agents. Send $1 for canvassing outfit and secure an Agency immediately. Agents also wanted for

WONDERS OF THE WORLD!

One Thousand Illustrations, comprising startling scenes, interesting incidents and wonderful events in all Countries and among all Peoples.

A. L. BANCROFT & CO.
fe1017w San Francisco, Cal.

THOMAS & HUNT,

SUCCESSORS TO

F. S. FREEMAN,

CORNER FIRST AND SOUTH STS.,

WOODLAND,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise

—AND—

GRAIN.

ja14-3m

REMOVAL

OF THE GREAT

Grocery and Provision Store!

A. GRIGGS and J. F. FRIGGENS

Have united in the Grocery business, situated in the BANK BLOCK, Main street, Woodland, and intend to keep all kinds of

Family Groceries
AND
PROVISIONS,
FRUIT AND VEGETABLES,

FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, MEAL, HOMINY, BUCKWHEAT,

DAIRY PRODUDE, Etc.

We have on hand constantly a fresh supply of

GROCERIES,

To which we call the attention of the Public.

VEGETABLES

We keep constantly on hand. In

FRUITS

There is none that can excel us. We pay the greatest attention to the purchase of the choicest kinds of Fruits.

GARDEN SEEDS.

We have just purchased a new supply of all kinds of seeds suitable for domestic use.

POULTRY AND EGGS

Is one of the leading features of our trade, to which we call the attention of the public in general. We pay the highest cash prices.

FOR SPORTSMEN,

POWDER, FUSE, SHOT, CAPS and GUNWADS.

Butter and Cheese,

Of the best quality to be had in the market.

We shall keep a complete stock of goods on hand, and shall endeavor to sell at fair prices.

Remember the place—BANK BLOCK—and give us a call.

de9-3m GRIGGS & FRIGGENS.

H. C. KIRK & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,
Artificial Teeth,
GOLD FOIL, DENTAL STOCK,
&c., &c., &c.,

No. 114 J street,.....SACRAMENTO

ja14-3m

IF you want anything in the **Jewelry** line, call on RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.

Would most respectfully inform their customers and the general public that they have received during the past week several lines of goods.

THEIR FALL INVOICE

Consisting in part of

New Styles of Fancy Silks,
Fine Black Silks,
Lyons Velvets,

Black and Colored,

IRISH POPLINS,
MOURNING
AND FANCY DRESS GOODS,
LACES, RIBBONS, SCARFS
AND TIES,
Ladies and Gents Kid Gloves,

All Colors and Latest Styles,

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

HOSIERY

In Great Variety,

Merino Underware

In All Styles,

STRIPED SHAWLS,

SOMETHING NEW,

HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

In this department we have opened full lines

—IN—

TABLE CLOTHS,
BLANKETS,
QUILTS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
LINENS,
FLANELS,
TOWELS, Etc.

We call particular attention to our well selected stock of

CLOTHING

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

All of which will be sold at POPULAR PRICES, at the new store of

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.,

MAIN STREET, (opp. the College), WOODLAND.

no25

DR. J. D. PARKISON,

Druggist,

Sucessor to READ & MAGEE,

Having replenished his Stock of DRUGS, STATIONERY, etc., from the best Wholesale Houses on the Pacific Coast, has now on sale a Complete Assortment of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

PAINTS,	BRUSHES,
OILS,	BOOKS,
PERFUMERY,	STATIONERY,
COSMETICS,	TOBACCO,
GLASS,	CIGARS,
PATENT MEDICINES,	

Pure Wines and Liquors

FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES,

A great variety of Fancy Articles, Candles, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Carefully and Accurately compounded by a thoroughly competent Apothecary. None but the purest medicines used.

Having been actively engaged in the Drug Business for several years, I am thoroughly acquainted with it in every department, and shall continue to give it my entire attention and personal supervision. I most respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

ja28-3m J. D. PARKISON, M. D.

W. C. CURTISS. C. H. GILMAN.

CURTISS & GILMAN,

FORMERLY

C. H. GILMAN,

AMERICAN DRY GOODS HOUSE,

198 J STREET,

(Between Seventh and Eighth),

SACRAMENTO.

W. C. CURTISS was admitted partner Oct. 1st.

I am about going East to make extensive purchases for our City and Country trade.

C. H. GILMAN.

At present we have the BLACK GROSS GRAIN AMERICAN SILK for $1 50 per yard, and EMPRESS CLOTHS for 47½ cents per yard

—AT—

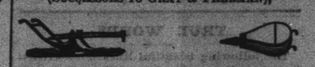
CURTISS & GILMAN'S.

oc21-6m

C. H. GRAY. H. B. WOOD

GRAY & WOOD,

(SUCCESSORS TO GRAY & FREEMAN),



IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

MACHINERY,

HARDWARE

Wooden-Ware,

Paints and Oils,

MAIN STREET,

WOODLAND.

We are fully supplied with the Latest Improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which we will sell at

San Francisco Prices!

We would also call attention to our IRON and WOOD-WORKERS' TOOLS, and Stock in Trade, consisting of

Iron, Steel, Coal,
Springs, Axles, Bolts,
Nails, Locks,
Screws, Hinges, etc.

CASTINGS

FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY!

CUTLERY,

☞ IN EVERY STYLE! ☜

Cordage,
Blasting-Powder,
Fuse, Amunition,
Wood and Willow-ware

In great variety

Our stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS, is large and complete, consisting of

Paints,
Oils,
Brushes,
Window-Glass,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

The attention of Farmers, Mechanics and Builders is particularly called to our Stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES!

fe10-3m GRAY & WOOD.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.



JUDGE S. HEYDENFELDT says: "My attention was called to it about eighteen months ago, when I had been suffering with rheumatism for more than a year, and had failed to find relief from other remedies. The YERBA SANTA relieved me entirely in two days. Some ten or twelve cases of Rheumatism, two cases of Gout and two cases of Neuralgia have been relieved within my immediate knowledge." R. H. SINTON says: "I fully concur with Judge Heydenfeldt in regard to the curative powers of YERBA SANTA. I have myself used it, and take pleasure in recommending its use to those afflicted with Rheumatism in any of its forms." T. J. JENKINS, M. D., (Physician to Butte County Hospital,) says: "I have used YERBA SANTA for some years in my private practice as physician. I have found it invaluable in cases of Chronic Rheumatism, and of much benefit as an alterative Blood Purifyer and tonic." FRANK MATHEWS, of Oroville, says: "Some years since, I was a martyr to Rheumatism, crippled in hands and feet, unable to move except with crutches, at all times suffering great pain. I was induced to try YERBA SANTA. I soon experienced great benefit from its use. I am at this present time strong and in good health, I recommend YERBA SANTA. who are afflicted as I was to try it." CHAS. WALDYER, of Chico, Butte county, states: "For many years a sufferer from Rheumatism in its most painful type. I sought relief in vain until I was induced to try the YERBA SANTA, when I found perfect restoration to health. I have recommended it to many friends, and in all cases a perfect, a speedy cure was the result. J. R. ROBERTS, of San Francisco, says: "I had for three years been afflicted with the Rheumatism, to such an extent that in all that time I was unable to do any work. I was at last induced to try YERBA SANTA; after using two bottles I was completely cured, and am now as well as I ever was in my life." M. H. DARRAUGH (County Clerk of Butte county,) says: "I have seen much of the beneficial effects of YERBA SANTA in Scrofula, also in Salt Rheum, Rheumatism and Neuralgic affections. I believe I know of no instance where it has failed to cure." YERBA SANTA, completely restores the system when impaired by disease, revives the action of the kidneys, and radically cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum and all eruptive and cutaneous diseases. It is PURELY VEGETABLE, being made from an herb indigenous to California. It is therefore peculiarly suitable for use by Females and Children, as a Blood Purifier and Renovator. YERBA SANTA is for sale by all dealers in family medicines.

Redington, Hostetter & Co.,

AGENTS,

Nos. 529 and 531 Market Street,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

1y22-6m

A GREAT OFFER.

Only $3 for $11 in Value!

Or, For $4.00, $18.00 in Value;

Or, for $5, 326 in Value.

The beautiful and artistic Chromo, "Isn't She Pretty?" highly finished, mounted and varnished. Size, 18x17 (after Lillie M. Spencer), retail price, $8, will be sent by mail, securely done up, post-free, as a premium, to every $3 yearly subscriber to *Demorest's Monthly*, acknowledged the most beautiful and useful Parlor Magazine in America. "Isn't She Pretty?" is a beautiful Chromo and splendid Parlor Picture, and a valuable work of art. Worth more than double the price of subscription, and, together with *Demorest's Monthly* affords an opportunity for the investment of $3 such as may never occur again; or in place of "Isn't She Pretty?" for $1 additional, "Hiawatha's Wooing," (after Jerome Thompson), size, 15x25, price, $15, will be sent post-free; or both Chromos and *Demorest's Monthly*, for one year for $15. "Hiawatha's Wooing" is an equally splendid work of art, a large and beautiful Chromo, and worth four times the price charged. Husbands, fathers, brothers and lovers, do not fail to subscribe for *Demorest's Magazine*, and present it with a beautiful Chromo. It will make eyes sparkle with delight and satisfaction, and prove a monthly reminder of your good taste and kind feeling. Address W. Jennings Demorest, 838 Broadway, New York. Copies of the latest numbers of the Magazine 25 cents each, post-free.

The Yolo Democrat.

Saturday, February 17, 1872.

TRUE WORDS.

The following beautiful lines were written by a friend of ours in the Album of a young lady of this place.

Oh, why should I essay to write
One thought of thee!
For words are like a phantom light
Upon the sea;
When storm, and night, and howling blast
Show danger's nigh,
And watch sees not the creaking mast,
Or starless sky.

A blaze breaks out upon the wave
Beyond the lee;
It marks a shelter that can save
Them from the sea;
Glad shouts arise along the deck,
Above the roar—
Upon the rocks! the light! the wreck
Drifts on the shore.

Ah, phantom words! along life's strand
Thy wrecks we trace,
And see false hope has left her brand
On every face;
But here true thoughts of youth, of age
In union blend;
Now, may I add, upon this page,
True words, *Your Friend?*

A TRUE MAN.

Such was our friend. Formed on the good old plan—
A true, and brave, and downright honest man!
He blew no trumpet in the market place,
Nor in the church, with hypocritic face,
Supplied with cant the lack of Christian grace.
Loathing pretense, he did with cheerful will
What others talked of while their hands were still!
And while "Lord! Lord!" the pious tyrants cried,
Who, in the poor, their Master crucified,
His daily prayer, far better understood
In acts and words, wassimply doing good,
So calm, so constant was his rectitude,
That by his loss alone we know his worth,
And felt how true a man had walked with us on earth!

"BLOOD WILL TELL."—Day before yesterday, when Governor Bradley arrived in this city from California, the following little scene occurred in front of the International Hotel: Two of Woodruff & Ennor's coaches came in together and drew up in front of the hotel, in order to allow the passengers to alight. The Governor, who was in the leading coach, had dismounted, and was standing on the sidewalk, shaking hands and talking with friends who had stepped forward to welcome him back to Nevada, when the passengers in the second coach began to disembark. Among the last to get out of the coach was a colored man and his wife, a plump and tidy Ethiopian matron. The man came out of the coach with his arms so full of baby, overcoat and dinner basket, that he was unable to assist his better half to alight. Nobody went to her assistance as she stood at the coach door, putting out first her right foot, then her left foot, turning this side and that side, hesitating to attempt the descent. Happening to look up at this moment, the Governor saw and comprehended the situation, when he at once gallantly advanced and assisted her to the ground. Two or three colored men who were lounging against an awning-post at a little distance had been closely observing the little scene, and when the Governor had performed the bit of civility, one of them nudged his neighbor and said: "Did you see dat, Cully? I tell yer dar's no use o'talkin'—blood will tell!"
—*Virginia City Enterprise, Feb. 1st.*

GETTING A LIVING.—People look at this world of work, for the most part, as a dog looks for his dinner. The desire is to make a grab that can be run off and enjoyed beyond a hedge. I am often asked what sort of a place California is for a poor man. Now to one on familiar terms with the earth, who loves the soil, and knows how plenty Pacific wheat is in our markets, and how three-fourths of the year a man may wrap himself in his blanket and sleep comfortably under a tree in that favored clime—it must appear plain that a poor man who understands his proper connection with the earth might fare well there. But so many of us are not emerged from the trapping plane of existence, and so few of us are shrewd enough, or content enough, not to be made game of by somebody, that real life is obscured. It is well understood how small the necessities of life are—how the wisest and wealthiest can only have their board and clothes for all their self-denial and care—getting a living might seem an easier matter, at home. Thoreau showed the scholars of New England how much independence might be got from a $20 house. Inside of the outpost Thoreau established there is room, close by home, for domestic experiments, less bold, but more natural. Under the shelter of Thoreau's supernaturalness, noble women, who lost their proper mates in the war, may build, and plant, and serve the republic with stout hearts.

DESPERADO CAPTURED.—Thomas Rodundo, alias Procopio, alias Red Dick, nephew of the celebrated Joaquin Murietta, was arrested last night in a restaurant on Morton street, by Sheriff Morse of Alameda county, and detectives Bowen and Stone. He is suspected of being connected with the murder of John Range in Los Angeles, in 1859. He escaped from thence and went to Alameda county. In 1863 he was arrested for the murder of the Golden family in Alameda. His accomplices are supposed to have been Narciso Boyorgues and Celano Ortego. In attempting to arrest Boyorgues, Morse shot him off his horse, but he escaped in the bushes. Afterward, he was killed in the lower country. Some time after Thomas Rodundo was arrested in Alameda county for cattle stealing. When arrested he shot the constable and got away, swimming the stream with the pistol in his mouth, persons shooting at him all the time. He was captured some time after, and sent to the State Prison for seven years. His time expired in 1870, and now he is suspected of being connected with all the daring mail robberies in the lower country within the last two years, and has become a terror to the whole country. Last evening he was discovered in a restaurant on Morton street. He had two pistols in his belt, so arranged that he could easily draw them. When he observed two officers, entering the front door, he made a motion to draw his pistol, but turning around and seeing himself covered by pistols at the outer door, he submitted to fate. He is an ugly looking desperado, over six feet high. Most of the Sheriffs of the State know him, and will be glad to hear of his arrest.—*Alta, Feb. 11th.*

THE ship Patrocius, recently arrived from Newport, Wales, brought 6,888 Bessamer steel rails for the Central Pacific Railroad. This is said to be the first importation of the kind to California.

THE proprietors of the Summit mine, the Whitton brothers, in Napa county, have discovered a new ledge of ore in their mine. They are now taking out ore which is said to be equal to the richest in the county.

CLOTHING

—FOR THE—

MILLION!

Quality Good,
Prices Low!

READ & WELCH

Successors to MAGEE & READ,

Are prepared to supply all the wants of this community in the line of

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

AND EVERY VARIETY OF

GENTS' UNDERWEAR

—AND—

Furnishing Goods.

We have on hand lots of Goods, and we want to sell them,

Please give us a call and see for yourselves.

no28-3m READ & WELCH.

Plantation Bitters

S. T.---1860---X.

This wonderful Vegetable Restorative is the sheet anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid, it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.

Ja13-1y

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT!

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Probably few articles ever had so extensive a sale, while none have been more universally beneficial than the celebrated MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. Children, Adults, Horses and Domestic Animals, are always liable to accident, and it is safe to say that no family can pass a single season without some kind of an emollient being necessary. It becomes a matter of importance, then, to secure the best.

☞ Over three hundred livery stables, in the city of New York alone, are using the Mexican Mustang Liniment, in all of which it gives unusual satisfaction.

CAUTION.—The genuine is wrapped in a fine *Steel Plate* engraving with "*G. W. Westbrook, Chemist*," and "Trade Mark, MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT," engraved cross the face of each wrapper. The whole bears the proprietor's private United States Revenue Stamp, and not a common stamp, as used by druggists.

LYON MANUFACTURING CO.,
ja13-1y3 53 Park Place, N. Y.

OPPOSITION
FURNITURE STORE
—AND—
Cabinet Shop!

South side of Main street, next to the Woodland Market and opposite El Dorado Livery Stable,

WOODLAND.

ALL KINDS OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE

FURNITURE,

Spring Matresses, Lounges, &c., constantly on hand and fitted up to order.

Coffins of all Kinds and Sizes

furnished on short notice.

REPAIRING.—All kinds of Furniture neatly and cheaply repaired.

ja20-3m P. KRELLENBERG

WM. H. WINNE. SAM. CALDWELL.

YOLO PLANING MILL.

WINNE & CALDWELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Doors, Sash and Inside Blinds.

MOULDINGS KEPT ON HAND.

DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, STORE FRONTS, ETC.

☞ Wood Turning and Scroll Sawing done to order.

☞ Contracts taken and Jobbing promptly attended to at San Francisco prices. no25-3m

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First street, (east side) opposite F. S. Freeman's store, near Capital Hotel.

SCHLUER & SIEBER

Have opened a Bakery in Woodland, and will keep on hand a fresh supply of BREAD, PIES CAKES, etc., etc.

Crackers, of All Kinds,

Wholesale and retail. BOSTON BROWN BREAD hot every Sunday morning, delivered if desired. ☞ Balls and parties supplied on short notice. ☞ The patronage of the public is most respectfully solicited. no18-3m

WM. TELL RESTAURANT

AND

LODGING HOUSE.

Board and Lodging $6 per week. Single rooms 50 cents per night.

Every attention will be paid to the patrons of this House, and the cooking will be under the immediate supervision of the proprietor.

Best French Claret and California Wines, Cigars, etc., etc.

de4-3m HENRY RICKER.

P. L. WEAVER,

(SUCCESSOR TO EDWARD H. PARKER,)

Sole Agent on the Pacific Coast for

HAZARD'S GUNPOWDER!

HAZARD'S Electric Gunpowder,
HAZARD'S Duck Shooting Gunpowder,
HAZARD'S American Sporting do
HAZARD'S Kentucky Rifle do
HAZARD'S California Rifle (Enfield) do
HAZARD'S Sea Shooting do

Hunters wishing strong and clean Powder, be sure and ask for "*HAZARD'S*" favorable and reliable brands, which are kept constantly on hand by first-class dealers everywhere.

115 Front Street,

Between California and Pine streets,

no23-3m SAN FRANCISCO.

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT,

WATCHMAKERS

—AND—

JEWELERS.

Largest assortment of

Jewelry,
Clocks,
Watches,
Plated Goods.

ALSO,

BOOKS,

Stationery of all descriptions,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

AND FANCY GOODS,

Lamps and Trimmings,
Guns and Ammunition,
Pistols and Knives.

Agents for the

Florence Sewing Machine.

POSTOFFICE BUILDING,

ja14-3m Woodland.

Woodland to New York.



B. M. FLEISHMAN, San Francisco. } G. KAUFMAN, Woodland.

P. M. FLEISHMAN, Philadelphia.

FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN

congratulate the citizens of

WOODLAND

and surrounding country, on the completion of the great

PACIFIC RAILROAD!

and beg leave to inform them that having made arrangements with our House in

PHILADELPHIA,

will continue to

Import Direct from the East

all the new and latest styles.

We call the particular attention of the Ladies to

Our Dry Goods Department,

where will be found an

Immense Assortment

—OF—

Moire Antique, Dress silks, French and English silks, Poplins, Mohairs, Empress, Merinos, Alpacas, Scotch Plaids, Woolen and cotton Delains, Linens, Lawns, etc.
Also, a full assortment of

WHITE GOODS,

consisting of

Bleached and Unbleach'd Domestic, Irish Linen, Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Handkerchiefs, Hose, Cuffs, Collars.

We also call particular attention to our

Cloak, Millinery and Lace Department,

where will be found the latest styles of

Brocha, single and double Shawls, Black Silk Cloaks, Basques, Sacques, etc.

Also the latest novelty of

Bonnets and Hats,

—SUCH AS—

Leghorn, Chip, Split, Silk and Velvet. Also a great variety of Gimpum and other Laces.

The attention of the Gentlemen is called to our

Clothing Department,

where they can easily be suited to a

Fine Dress Black Suit,
French Beaver do.,
Fancy Cassmere do.,
Business Suits, etc.

Hats, Boots and Shoes.

The finest assortment of Ladies' Balmorals, Calf, Kip and Morocco Shoes.

Also Gent's fine French calf and Patent-leather Boots and Shoes. Also Gent's latest styles of silk felt Hats and Caps.

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

White and colored Linen and woolen Shirts and Drawers, Neckties, Gloves, Collars, etc.

Groceries, Provisions, etc.

A large stock of everything in this line.

We offer liberal inducements to

FARMERS, MECHANICS, HOTEL KEEPERS,

and others, who can save 10 per cent. by purchasing from us.

☞ We are Agents for Baker & Hamilton.

Wool and Grain Sacks Constantly on Hand.

FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN,

Fire-proof Brick Building, Main st.

de9] **WOODLAND.** [3m

Fruit, Shade | Garden, Hedge | Flower, Garden

Trees! Plants! Seeds!

Apple and Crab, 100, 2 to 4 ft., $4; 4 to 6 ft., $5.00
Pear, Std., Ex., 1 yr, Bartlett, &c. 3 to 4 ft. 2.50
Seeds, Peach ba. $2; Apple, Osage, n., bu. 12.00
Potatoes, White Peach Blow, Early Rose, bu. 2.00
Seedlings, Soft Maple, 1,000, $1; Ash $3; Elm, 2.00
Illustrated Catalogue, 100 page, and New Price List, 10 cents.

F. K. PHOENIX,
ja27-sw Bloomington, Illinois.

A. C. RUGGLES. T. B. REINDOLLAR.

RUGGLES & REINDOLLAR,

Dealers in all kinds of

Drugs,
Medicines,
Paints,
Oils,
Glass,
Brushes,
Perfumery,

And everything found in a

First-Class Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions

ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED,

Day or night, by

T. B. REINDOLLAR,

APOTHECARY.

Postoffice Building,

ja27-3m **Woodland.**

A. & T. PORTER,

Dealers in all kinds of

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND PROVISIONS,

Fruits and Vegetables,

FLOUR AND MEAL,

DAIRY PRODUCE, ETC., ETC.,

In the new brick building, opposite the College, Main street, Woodland.

HAVING REMOVED

From the old store into our New and spacious brick block, we are now better than ever prepared to supply families and the public with everything in the way of provisions. We have a large and carefully selected stock of

GROCERIES,

To which we ask the attention of this community, believing that it cannot be surpassed in Yolo county. A full assortment of

VEGETABLES

Will be found with us at all times, and we shall keep fully up to the market in this department of our trade.

FRUITS

Will receive special attention and the choicest qualities be kept on hand, fresh, throughout the season of each variety.

Poultry and Eggs

Will be a leading feature of our establishment, and customers will be supplied with any number or quantity they may desire.

BUTTER AND CHEESE

Are particularly in our line, and purchasers can rely upon getting the best the market affords. But we cannot enumerate all our different kinds of goods in an advertisement.

We shall keep a complete stock of goods on hand and sell at fair prices; therefore we ask a share of patronage from the people of Woodland and vicinity, guaranteeing entire satisfaction to all who favor us with their trade.

A. & T. PORTER,

de2-3m Opposite College, Main st., Woodland.

EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Company,

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Gross Assets, Jan. 1st, 1870,

$10,510,824!

No. of Policies Issued in 1869, 13,072.

AMOUNT INSURED IN 1869, $50,492,941.

Insures at as LOW RATES as are consistent with safety to the Company and the assured.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States was organized in 1859, with assets amounting to $120,772, and loaned in that year 277 policies. In 1869, the number of policies issued was 13,073; amount insured, $50,502,941; total assets Jan. 1st, 1870, $10,510,824.

The Equitable has outstripped all other Companies in the amount of business transacted, and never had but one case of litigation, and in that case it was no fault of the Company, but because of different parties claiming the amount the policy called for.

J. G. JEFFRESS,
Traveling Agent.

Parties wishing information in regard to insurance in the above Company, can obtain it by addressing J. G. JEFFRESS, office of Miller & Garland, No. 430 Montgomery street, San Francisco. ap2-tf

ARCADE RESTAURANT,

WOODLAND.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS COOKED TO ORDER.

M. FURNISS, late of the Capitol Hotel, has opened a Restaurant in the new brick building, opposite the College, where meals may be had at all hours.

REGULAR DINNER HOUR 12 O'CLOCK.

☞ Nice Sleeping Rooms have been fitted up—large, clean, airy and well ventilated. no25-3m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

I will weave Carpets for 50 cents per yard for fancy patterns, and 40 cents per yard for plain, and furnish the warp myself; if parties furnish the warp, from 20 to 30 cents per yard.

Flannel wove, cotton warp, 25 cts. per yard. Orders left at Porter's store.

ja14-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

Stage  **Line**

To Cacheville, Cache Creek and

BUCKEYE,

CARRYING U. S. MAILS AND EXPRESS.

The Stage for Cache Creek and Buckeye leaves Woodland at 8 o'clock M. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For Cacheville, Stage leaves Woodland daily—Monday, Wednesday and Friday on arrival of the Cars; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock A. M.

Returns from all points same day.

oc2-tf A. S. HOUSE, Proprietor.

WM. PRICE. J. BENHAYON. J. LEVISON.

WM. PRICE & CO.,

IMPORTERS



AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Brandies. Wines and Liquors,

No. 41 K street, between Second and Third,

ja21] SACRAMENTO. [3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,



For the relief and cure of all derangements in the stomach, liver, and bowels. They are a mild aperient, and an excellent purgative. Being purely vegetable, they contain no mercury or mineral whatever. Much serious sickness and suffering is prevented by their timely use; and every family should have them on hand for their protection and relief, when required. Long experience has proved them to be the safest, surest, and best of all the *Pills* with which the market abounds. By their occasional use, the blood is purified, the corruptions of the system expelled, obstructions removed, and the whole machinery of life restored to its healthy activity. Internal organs which become clogged and sluggish are cleansed by *Ayer's Pills*, and stimulated into action. Thus incipient disease is changed into health, the value of which change, when reckoned on the vast multitudes who enjoy it, can hardly be computed. Their sugar coating makes them pleasant to take, and preserves their virtues unimpaired for any length of time, so that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable. Although searching, they are mild, and operate without disturbance to the constitution, or diet, or occupation.

Full directions are given on the wrapper to each box, how to use them as a Family Physic, and for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings**, they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression**, a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, San Francisco; H. C. KIRK & CO., Sacramento, Wholesale Agents. Jy22-1y

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring to Gray Hair its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, San Francisco; H. C. KIRK & CO., Sacramento, Wholesale Agents. Jy22-1y

Read Physician's Certificates Below!!!



A Sure Cure for Dyspepsia!

The best Liver Regulator known!

A Most Efficient and Pleasant Tonic.

These Bitters are prepared from the most choice and wholesome herbs and roots, and have given universal satisfaction wherever tried. Thousands of dyspeptics have found relief through their use, and physicians recommend them for the cure of all diseases of the blood and liver, and irregularities of the digestive organs.

Headache, Biliousness and Constipation. General Debility and Loss of Appetite, all are caused by the derangement of the Stomach, Liver and other functionaries of the system. The IXL Bitters have been successfully used and are warranted to alleviate the sufferer in all the above cases.

CERTIFICATES.

MESSRS. H. EPSTEIN & CO:

Gentlemen: I take pleasure in stating that agreeably to your wish I have carefully tested and examined the sample of your IXL Bitters, which you sent me, and find it not only an agreeable Bitters, but also one that cannot fail to be beneficial as a tonic and promoter of Digestion.

G. HOLLAND, M. D.

CITY AND COUNTY HOSPITAL, San Francisco, June 20th, 1871:

I have carefully examined Dr. Henley's I X L Bitters, and have failed to detect anything which could injure even the most delicate constitution. From the composition of the Bitters, as far as I am able to determine it, I should judge that the IXL Bitters must be a very efficient remedy in Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and similar complaints, being composed of a number of vegetable drugs which are principally used in diseases of that nature, and are of the greatest efficiency in their cure.

F. H. ENGELS, M. D.,
Ass't Res. Physician Apothecary C. & C. Hospital.

STATE ASSAYER'S OFFICE, San Francisco, July 21st, 1871:

MESSRS. H. EPSTEIN & Co.—Gents: I have made a careful examination of your IXL Bitters, and have found them entirely free of deleterious mineral substances. Yours, etc.,

LOUIS FALKENAU, State Assayer.

Beware of Counterfeits. None genuine without Dr. Henley's signature across the top of each bottle.

Every Family should have a Bottle in the house. Sold everywhere.

H. EPSTEIN,
Sole Proprietors,
No. 518 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.
L. GROSS & CO., 675 W. Lake st., Chicago, Ills.
fe3-3m

IF you want a Locket, Belt Buckle, Pin, or Ear Drops, call on
RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON MANUFACTORY!

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS.,

Opposite Gas and Water Works,

WOODLAND, CAL.



LIVERYMEN, FARMERS

AND TEAMSTERS

Will find my make of BUGGIES, SPRING and LUMBER WAGONS, the best in any market for their use.

REASONS WHY:

BECAUSE they have as good if not the best reputation at home. Each Wagon is perfect in all its parts.

BECAUSE my prices are as low as the lowest for first-class work.

BECAUSE I can furnish the highest home testimonials as to their durability and lightness of draft.

BECAUSE none but the best and most experienced mechanics are employed in their construction.

BECAUSE they are built upon scientific principles, combining the greatest strength with lightness of draft,

BECAUSE wherever introduced they are generally preferred by Liverymen, Farmers and Freighters.

BECAUSE they are made in a very DRY CLIMATE, and from that fact are far superior for service to those built in more moist or damp parts of the country.

BECAUSE I give rules for taking care of carriages.

First—The carriage-house should be apart from the stable, as the ammonia arising from horse manure will in a very short time destroy the varnish on a carriage, and then the owner ignorantly charges the carriage maker with using inferior varnish.

Second—In washing a buggy cold water should be used freely, so as to remove the dust and mud before using the sponge and chamois skin.

Third—Never turn the hose under or on the seat, for the water will loosen the canvass and glue, and cause the corners to give way and the body to go to pieces.

Fourth—To preserve the wood and save expense, the carriage should be kept thoroughly painted and varnished.

Fifth—I am better prepared than ever, to Paint, Ornament and Varnish Carriages, Wagons, etc. I have in my employ the best of buggy painters, and use none but the best articles of paints, oils and varnishes; the above in connection with my Paint Shop and Varnish Rooms, which are as good if not the best on this Coast, being hard finished and free from dust. I can, and have turned out as smooth, clean and nice finished jobs as can be done in the State.

Sixth—Those wishing to get their buggies, carriages, etc., repaired and painted, will do well to call at my shop and examine my superior advantages over other shops. I am willing to abide by the injunction, "by their works ye shall know them." I am willing that my work shall praise me; I ask no other endorsement. This endorsement I have had in past years; this I expect to merit and maintain in the future.

Ja7-3m C. ELLIOTT.

THE

FLORENCE



Will sew everything needed in a family, from the heaviest to the lightest fabric.

IT DOES MORE WORK,
MORE KINDS OF WORK,
AND BETTER WORK,

Than any other machine.

If there is a Florence Sewing Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco not working well and giving entire satisfaction, if I am informed of it, it will be attended to without expense of any kind to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
19 New Montgomery Street,
Grand Hotel Building, San Francisco.

Send for Circulars and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT,
ja20 **Agents at Woodland.**

PATENTED 1869.

THE "DREADNOUGHT" SAFE,

Manufactufactured by the

Tilton-McFarland Safe Manufacturing Company,

95 and 97 Liberty Street,

NEW YORK,

The only Company manufacturing this

Burglar Proof Safe.

In introducing this BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE to the American Public, the Manufacturers offer a Safe, not burglar-proof merely in name, but one which may be surely relied upon to defy all the efforts of the most accomplished burglars for a longer period of time than they can ever have to operate upon a safe.

There is no other safe in the market which, by means of the most approved appliances, may not be opened by skilled burglars in from six to ten hours of uninterrupted attack.

The Dreadnought Safe,

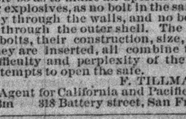
It is admitted by scientific and practical men, will resist for all time the uninterrupted attack of skilled burglars, provided with the most modern appliances which can be carried or introduced into any Bank, Vault or Counting-room, as no equal power can be brought to bear in any such place as to overcome the strength and combination of the material used and the mode of construction.

POWDER or NITRO-GLYCERINE cannot be introduced into it. WEDGES cannot be employed to open it. The Oxy-hydrogen Blow-pipe only opens the way to new and insurmountable difficulties before which the boldest burglars would shrink in despair. Drills, even though diamond-pointed, cannot penetrate its walls. It is impossible to drive in a bolt so as to make an aperture for introducing explosives, as no bolt in the safe passes entirely through the walls, and no bolt penetrates through the outer shell. The position of the bolts, their construction, size, and the way they are inserted, all combine to add to the difficulty and perplexity of the burglar who attempts to open the safe.

F. TILLMAN,
Sole Agent for California and Pacific Coast,
Ja13-3m 318 Battery street, San Francisco.

M. PETERSON,

HOUSE,



SIGN AND

Ornamental Painter,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

fe27-tf

L. MACHEFERT,

(Of the firm of Ruggles & Machefert,)

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

POST-OFFICE BUILDING, WOODLAND.

Repairing promptly and neatly done. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry constantly on hand and for sale cheap. fe10-3m

BAPTISED IN FIRE.

THE CHICAGO PHENIX!

A Universal Newspaper.

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